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THE PEARL OF MEMORY.

I stood beside the dying. My young friend
Was breathing heavily. Large drops rolled down
From her cold brow, and fell upon her cheeks,
Wasted and worn with suffering and disease!—
She sought to raise one hand; but powerlessly
It fell beside her; and I took the cold
And wasted thing, and bowed my head thereon
In that deep agony which *mocks* at *tears*.

The bed of death! the bed of death! it is
A fearful thing to mark the last fell change
Come o'er the young and beautiful!—to watch
The glazing eye, with its last, yearning look
Congealing in eternal fixedness;—
To look upon the untried agony,—
And know we cannot meliorate one pang—
Oh God—we feel our utter nothingness
And well may surrender up to Thee
The franchised spirit of the one beloved.
The thin, cold hand one thrilling pressure gave
In the extremity of mortal pain,
And the last agony of Earth was o'er.
"Mourn not"—was softly breathed.
I durst not look
Upon her face—for oh! the nameless chill
Had come on what I held—and then I knew!
'Twas wedded unto death! How fervently,
How madly did I pray to die! to share
The lonely sepulchre, with my beloved!
For we had grown together twin in spirit,
Wedded—joined—moulded into one by love—
Enduring—faithful—trusting—early love—
Born on the sinless morn of infancy;
And nurtured, by the tears of other times.—
One burning burst of bitter agony—
One long, volcanic spasm of the soul
Had well nigh snapped the subtle strings of life;
But with elastic power, the cunning tie
Yielded to unknown strength, and would not break—
And resignation came mysteriously.
With desperate effort, I looked upon her face
And touched her cold, cold brow—*how could I give her up, and say that it was well?*
How could I yield her *to* the yawning grave.
Though God had spoken it, and she was—*dead!*
I knew not how, or whence it was—but yet—
I was resigned. I knew that all was o'er;
That I fore'er should miss her on the hills—
At the glad board, and by the social fire—
That the gay bounding heart, which ever rose
At the glad impulse that my coming gave,
Longing to yield its gush of tenderness,
And pour its feelings into mine own,
Must lie down to the greeting of the worm;—
That I must dream of her, and weep with joy
The drops, by disappointment turned to gall,
When at my waking, I should stretch mine arm
Eager to woo my long lost treasure back,
Then grasp the cold, dark waste of nothingness,
Where Hope had laid her broken pinions down;
And Memory mocked me with the joys that were.
I knew that tender voice was mute,—that eye
Was dim—that bosom cold—that gentle form
Must pass away, and be forever lost.
* * * * * * * *

Hope raised her drooping eyelids, and looked up
To the calm heaven, and spoke of meetings there
Of friend with friend, where partings are unknown.
The bending sky with its cerulean hue
Looked soft, and kindly, and I thought 'twere joy
To soar forever mid its peaceful depths;
To wander with the stars, and list the strains
Breathed by young seraphs to the new born winds,
In sweet concordance with the rolling spheres,
That move in one eternal harmony;
To look upon the countenance of God—
With the unshrinking eye of soul, and feast
At one long banquet of the eternal Mind!
Then strength was given me—"Thy will be done!"
My yielding spirit said; and then, I saw—
And knew, and felt, that it was well. I bowed
My lonely head in grateful prayer, although
I might not hope to find her like again!
O, when we look upon the cherished dead
With resignation's eye, and feeling all
The bitterness of life—the dreary track
Of long, long blighted years—acknowledge all
The mercy of that blow—how full—how deep
The tide of thankfulness that gushes from
The heart. Then may we bear to live,
To drink life's chalice to the very dregs
And bare our grief-wrung bosom to the storm!
Oh, who would shun the tender agony
When God thus wrings a blessing from the soul,
And for the treasure that his mercy takes
Bestows *another comforter*, peace, strength,
The offspring of our confidence; and faith
To look beyond the darkening verge of life,
And read the blessings on the scroll of Heaven!
Then will the moveless features of the dead
Comfort us, for we know that they are blest—
That shame, or sin, or sorrow, may not come
To shade the place of God's eternal love.

They took my friend away, and buried her.
I heard the cold, damp clods, fall heavily,
And saw the earth piled o'er the sleeping girl.
I did not weep; for oh! I knew the grave
Was kindlier than the pillow of distress,
Thorn-planted—by the selfish ones of Earth—
And the chill worm, that cometh to embrace,
Better than some who wear the name of *friend*.
The grass of many years upon her grave
Hath grown—yet still her image lives, enshrined
Within my soul, among the sacred things
Of Memory. When dark hours come—and come
They must, to all—as twilight's gentle tide
When state successive ope their undimmed eyes—
Blest watchers, bending o'er the couch of Earth!
And dews are weeping out from every pore,
And all created things, are giving up
The incense of their gratitude to God!
I can go out to the dear grave and weep;
And pray—and all my hoarded sorrows will
Gush out from the full fountains of the soul!
And as my tears begem the sacred earth
Strange peace will come—as my twin spirit had
Come down from Heaven, to comfort me on Earth.

The Astor Library.

Mr. J. G. Coggswell, the librarian, has published in the *Evening Post*, a statement of the present condition of this institution. The number of books now in the library is upwards of 100,000. But its value as a collection, is not determined so much by the number of books as by its completeness in furnishing books of reference on the most important subjects, to satisfy the researches of scholars. On this point he does not claim that the library would have sufficed for Gibbon to have written his Decline and Fall, or Bacon to have written his philosolphical works; for La Places *Mecanique Celesté*, or Cuvier's *Régne Animale*. But he says:

"It may confidently be asserted that it would come as near to it as any general library ever formed of no greater extent. No book has been published since Gibbon's History that is so remarkable for the wide range of its citations, as Buckle's History of Civilization;" it is learned in the broadest sense of the word; and that this book might have been written with the aid of the Astor Library will be evident to any one who should undertake to verify its references there."

In a word, the library has now arrived at that stage of growth in which it may be considered as "well furnished in all its departments." It was never intended to be a library for amusing and popular reading. To keep it open in the evening would involve an additional expense which would absorb "one-half of its fund for the purchase of new books, without accommodating a dozen individuals in the community." Two volumes of the catalogue have been printed, and the remainder is nearly finished. He says:

"The last fact is, that the whole work, thus far, of forming the library, classifying, arranging and cataloguing it alphabetically, systematically, and for the press; filling all its shelves, and constantly keeping its classification undisturbed whilst it was daily receiving great accessions, has been done in less time and at less cost than ever before placed a library of equal extent in the same condition.

"A comparatively small portion of my part of the work remains to be done. When I shall have finished the catalogue, the printing of which has been suspended for a time on account of the rapid additions which were being made to the library, I shall consider that my duty to the kind friend and great public benefactor who entrusted it to me, has been performed. For ten years it has demanded incessant labor, which for much of that time has been so exacting as to compel me to neglect all other duties."

Edward Everett on Kindness to Horses.

At the recent horse fair in Springfield Mass. the Hon. Edward Everett delivered a very eloquent speech, in the course of which he said:

"Is there any one who doubts that the horse, the animal that most concerns us on this occasion—is susceptible of the kindest feelings of our nature, I think he would be convinced of his error by a most interesting anecdote of Edmund Burke. In the decline of Mr. Burke's life, when he was living in retirement on his farm at Baconfield, the rumor went up to London that he had gone mad; and the fact that was stated in support of this rumor was that he went round his park kissing the cows and horses. A friend, a man of rank and influence, hearing this story, and deeming it of too much importance to be left uncorrected, hastened down to Baconfield, and sought an interview with the view of ascertaining the truth of the rumor. He entered into conversation with him. Mr. Burke read to him some chapters from his "Letters on a Regicide Peace." His friend immediately saw, that though the earthly tenement was verging back to its native dust, the lamp of reason and genius shone with undiminished lustre within. He was accordingly more than satisfied as to the object of his coming down, and in a private interview with Mrs. Burke, told her what he had come for, and received from her this pathetic explanation:

Mr. Burke's only child, a beloved son, had not long before died, leaving behind him a favorite old horse, a companion of his excursions of business and pleasure, when both were young and vigorous. This favorite animal was turned out by Mr. Burke, the father, into the park, with directions to all his servants that he should, in every respect, be treated as a privileged favorite. Mr. Burke himself, of course, in his morning walks, would often stop to caress the favorite animal. On one occasion, as he was taking his morning walk in the park, he perceived the poor old animal at a distance, and noticed in turn that he was recognized by him. The horse drew nearer and nearer to Mr. Burke, stopped, eyed him with a most pleasing look of recognition, which said, as plain as words could have said, "I have lost him too;" and then the poor dumb beast deliberately laid his head upon Mr. Burke's bosom! Struck by the singularity of the occurrence, moved by the recollections of his son, whom he had never ceased to mourn with a grief that would not be comforted, and overwhelmed by the tenderness of the animal, expressed by the mute eloquence of holy Nature's universal language, the illustrious statesman for a moment lost his self-possession, and clasping his arms around the neck of his son's favorite animal, lifted up that voice, which had filled the arches of Westminster Hall with the noblest strains that ever echoed within them, and wept aloud!

This was seen, and was heard by the passers-by, and the enemies of Burke, unappeased by his advancing years, by his failing health, by his domestic sorrows, made it a ground of a charge of insanity. "Burke had gone mad;" but sir, so help me Heaven! if I were called upon to designate the event, or the period in Burke's life that would best sustain a charge of insanity, it would not be when, in a gush of the holiest and purest feeling that ever stirred up the human heart, he wept aloud on the neck of his dead son's favorite horse; but it would rather be when, at the meridian of his fame, when the orb of his imperial genius rode highest in the heavens, amidst the scoff of cringing courtiers, and the sneers of trading patriots, he abased his glorious powers to the scramblings and squabblings of the day, and,

"Born for the universe, narrowed his mind,
And to party gave up what was meant for mankind."

'Good Night,' 'Good Night, Papa.'

These are the words whose music has not left our ears since the gloaming, and now it is midnight. 'Good night, darling! God bless you; you will have pleasant dreams, though I toss in my fever, haunted by the demons of care that harass me through the day.—Good night! The clock on the mantel struck twelve, and no sound was heard in the house save the regular breathing of those little lungs in the next room, heard through the door ajar. We dropped our pen, folded our arms, and sat gazing on the lazy fire, while the whole panorama of life passed before us, with its many 'good nights.' It is a great thing to be rich, but it is a rich thing to have a good memory, provided that memory bears no unpleasant fruit, bitter to the taste; and our memory carries us back to many a pleasant scene—to the little arm chair by the fireside; to the trundle bed at the foot of *the* bed; to the lawn in front of the house, and the orchard behind it; to the butter-cups and the new clover, and the chickens and the swallows, and the birds' nests, and the strawberries, and the many things that attracted the wondering eye of childhood, to say nothing of the mysteries of the starry skies, and the weird gloom of the moaning forest. But, then, there were the good nights, and the little prayer, and the downy bed on which slumber fell as lightly as a snow flake, only warmer, and such dreams as only visit perfect innocence! The household 'good night,'—Somebody in whose brain its music still lingers, has written this:

'Good night!' A loud clear voice from the stairs said it was Tommy. 'Dood night!' murmurs a little something from the trundle bed—a little something that we call Jenny, that filled a large place in the centre of two pretty little hearts. 'Good night!' lisps a little fellow in a plaid rifle dress, who was named Willie about six years ago.

"Now I lay me down to sleep,
I pray the Lord my soul to keep;
If I should die before I wake"—

and the small bundle in the trundle bed has dropped off to sleep, but the broken prayer may go up sooner than many long petitions that set out a great while before it.

And so it was 'good night' all around the homestead; and very sweet music it made, too, in the twilight, and very pleasant melody it makes now, as we think of it; for it was not yesterday nor the day before, but a long time ago—so long that Tommy is Thomas Somebody, Esq., and has forgotten that he ever was a boy, and wore what the bravest and richest of us can never wear but once if we try—the first pair of boots.

And so it was 'good night' all around the house; and the children had gone through the ivory gate, always ajar for them, through into the land of dreams.

And then the lover's 'Good night,' and the parting kiss! They are as prodigal of the hour as the spendthrift of his coin, and the minutes depart in golden showers, and fall in dying sparks at their feet. 'Good night,'—*N. Y. Atlas.*

Dull Children.

The teacher of a large school had a little girl under her care who was exceedingly backward in her lessons.—She was at the bottom of her class, and seemed to care but little about what passed in it. During the school hours singing was sometimes employed as a relaxation, and noticing that this girl had a very clear, sweet voice, her teacher said to her:

"Jane, you have a good voice, and you may lead in the singing."

She brightened up, and from that time her mind seemed more active. Her lessons were attended to, and she made steady progress. One day as the teacher was going home she overtook Jane and one of her school fellows.

"Well Jane," said she, "you are getting on very well at school; how is it that you do so much better now than you did at the begining of the half year?"

"I do not know why it is," replied Jane.

"I know what she told me the other day," said her companion who was with her.

"And what was that?" asked the teacher.

"Why she said she was encouraged."

Yes there was the secret—she was encouraged. She felt she was not dull in every thing; she had learned self-respect, and thus she was encouraged to self-improvement.

Take the hint, dear fellow-teacher, and try to reach the intellect through the heart. Endeavor to draw out the dormant faculties of children by discriminating culture and well-timed praise. Give them the credit whenever you can, and allure them with hopeful words. Many a dull-minded child has been made irretrievably stupid by constant fault-finding or ungenerous sarcasm. And, on the other hand, how often has a genial smile or an approving remark wakened into new life some slow learning scholar.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF NEW ORLEANS.—"This organization," says the *Crescent*, "which has for some years past been quietly engaged in the labor of spreading religion and good morals in our midst, is now proving its full title to the name of Christian, by taking an active part in the amelioration of the condition of the poor and helpless portion of our city's sufferers by the prevailing fever. They are raising subscriptions, and using every personal exertion to relieve the suffering and save the lives of the afflicted poor; and in this noble work they invite the cooperation of all who are benevolently inclined, in city and country. The invitation, we are sure, will be generously responded to." We understand that the young men of this Association are not only doing much themselves to alleviate the sufferings caused by the epidemic, but have secured the cooperation of many citizens and ladies in their good work.

Wealth of San Joaquin County.

The County Assessor of San Joaquin makes the following report:

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.—The amount of land enclosed is 108,233 acres, of which 72,473 are cultivated. There was raised in the past year: Wheat, in 20,000 acres, 300,000 bushels; barley, 37,000 acres, 600,000 bushels; oats, 1,620 acres, 40,500 bushels; rye, 32 acres, 2,050 bushels; corn, 260 acres, 9,120 bushels; buckwheat, 45 acres, 900 bushels; peas, 100 acres, 1,800 bushels; beans, 75 acres, 2,625 bushels; potatoes, 425 acres 25,000 bushels; sweet potatoes, 106 acres, 8,480 bushels; onions, 320 acres, 33,000 bushels; hay, 10,500 acres, 15,750 tons; flax, 1 acre; tobacco, 2 acres. There is also produced, of butter, 42,045 pounds; cheese, 28,000 pounds; eggs, 33,000 dozen; wool, 49,782 pounds.

FRUIT TREES AND VINES.—In the county, it is estimated that there are 11,582 apple trees, 28,000 peach, 2,240 pear, 735 plum, 520 cherry, 420 nectarine, 1,500 quince, 820 apricot, 650 fig, 6 aloes, 3 citron, 4 lemon, 16 orange, 18 olive, 1,572 pomegranite, 13 prune, 12 persimmon, 41 pecan, 20 chitimoya, 2,000 current bushes, 200 almond, 60 walnut, 3,050 gooseberry bushes, 500 raspberry bushes, 4,500 strawberry vines, 28 tons grapes, 300 gallons wine. Total value of fruit raised $58,000.

LIVE STOCK.—2,536 American horses, 3,073 wild and tame Spanish horses, 1,754 mules, 57 asses, 7,048 American cows, 6,010 American calves, 17,188 stock cattle and beef, 1,288 oxen, 18,086 sheep, 4,080 goats, 7,089 hogs, 15,156 chickens, 2,860 turkeys, 480 ducks, 250 geese.

CATTLE SLAUGHTERED.—Seven thousand three hundred cattle, valued at $255,500; 3,070 hogs, $46,056; 6,570 sheep, $42,700.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Six steam power grist mills, 14 run of stones, total value, $160,000; 3 water power mills, 6 run of stones, total value, $50,000; 975,000 bushels of grain ground; 2 steam saw mills, 1 water power saw mill, lumber sawed, 500,000 feet; 2 mining ditches, 20 miles; 7 toll bridges, $50,000: 13 ferries, $25,000; value of land assessed, $698,250; improvements on land, $494,150: value of town lots, $638,000; improvements on town lots, $589,200; personal property, $2,571,650; total value, $4,891,250; total amount of tax, $93,383 68.

AREA OF THE COUNTY.—Upland, 1,030 square miles; 422 square miles. Entire area of county, 1,452 square miles, of which there is covered by Spanish grants, 369 square miles.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

PRAYER MEETINGS ON BOARD SHIP.—Some time ago, forty-five seamen of the U. S. ship Wabash sent a request to be remembered in the prayers of Christians. Late accounts from the ship state that a daily prayer meeting is maintained on board; that the first lieutenant has become a pious man; that he encourages the meetings, and that he often speaks in them, using all his influence in their behalf. On that ship are several sailors and marines who became pious last winter and spring, on board the receiving ship North Carolina. On this latter vessel about 150 persons have been converted since last fall.—*Independent.*

AT the University of Virginia, founded by Jefferson, and from which it was designed to exclude religious instruction, daily prayer meetings have been held by the students regularly since the first of May. There are among the students 126 professors of religion, viz: Baptists 40, Episcopalians 39, Presbyterians 22, Methodists 10, others 15.—The faculty and students support a pastor by their own contributions.—N. Y. *Observer.*

THE REVIVAL.—There has been no decrease in the revival spirit during the week past. The number of the praying ones is increased. The spirit of prayer seems to be rising higher and higher. No one who comes into these meetings can doubt what agency it is which moves these assemblies. From above descends the Holy Spirit, to lead and guide the minds and hearts of all those who wait at the mercy seat in these seasons of prayer.—What a blessing to live in such a day as this. The set time to favor Zion has come; she is putting on her beautiful garments.—*Ib.*

Rev. Mr. Coolidge, late a Unitarian, preached in the State street church, Portland, Me., in the morning, from the text, "that same Jesus"—and in the afternoon from the 31–32 verses of the 22d chapter of Luke.—"There was," says the Mirror, "an unction and freshness in his preaching—a living grasp of the glorious doctrine of the Cross, peculiarly touching and impressive."

IT IS UNCANONICAL TO BE COURTEOUS.—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* of the 13th inst., has the following statement:—"The Rev. Mr. Carden, of the Church of St. Matthias, Nineteenth and Wallace streets, Philadelphia, having, it is alleged, violated a canon of the Episcopal church, during a recent visit to Cape May, Bishop Doane, of New Jersey, has issued a proclamation forbidding the Rev. gentleman from again officiating within the bounds of his diocese. Mr. Carden's offence is thus stated: 'Recently,' to wit, on Sunday, 25th July—'the Rev. Mr. Carden on a visit to Cape May,' in the diocese of New Jersey, 'preached there, and administered the Holy Communion; *calling on the resident Methodist minister to assist him in the administration of the elements.* There were other clergymen of the Church there; one or more of whom refused to participate in so irregular a service.'"

The *Protestant Churchman* in quoting the Bishop's letter, makes the following remarks:

"It is enough to say that it is worthy of 'Riverside.' We do not recollect to have seen ever, in view of all the circumstances, a paragraph more monstrously preposterous. Here is a Bishop who was presented for trial by three of his peers, all of unblemished and exalted reputation, under charges of grossly immoral conduct—dishonesty and drunkenness. His accusers declared publicly that they believed him guilty, and stood ready to prove the charges they had brought. He shrunk from investigation, and by desperate wriggling escaped it, thereby bringing a stigma upon his order.

"*This* Bishop allows one of his own presbyters, in a prominent church in the largest city of his diocese, to disgrace the church by intemperance, and raise no voice of rebuke. But lo! a presbyter of another diocese happens, in a place of public resort, on the extreme point of a little spur of the state that forms his diocese, to commit what at most was but a trifling breach of ecclesiastical order, and out comes a ridiculous and empty interdict.

"We say an empty interdict, for what force will it carry? None whatever. No moral force, for its force and character both preclude that. No legal force, for the day has not yet come when a single Bishop can make canons, and execute them. When a Bishop becomes such an absolute monarch in his diocese, that no presbyter can officiate in it in the smallest act without his consent, it will be refreshing to be made aware of it. We doubt not Rev. Mr. Carden will treat the affair with the disrespect it so richly merits."

THE BOSTON BAPTIST CHURCHES.—The Christian Era has an article reviewing the spiritual condition of the two Boston Associations. It says: "The sixty-five churches composing the two Associations, report six hundred more baptisms this year than they did the last year. Of these churches, the fourteen in Boston reported last year 376 baptisms; this year they report 310, sixty-six less than they reported last year! While, therefore, we have abundant reason to bless God that so many precious souls have been saved, it is a sad truth that the Baptist churches in Boston—the very focal point as has been supposed, of the revival influence in New England—that these churches actually report a less number of baptisms than they did the year previous, when no such marvellous revival influences were shed upon Zion." This is certainly a different result than we had hoped to see reported, but we trust that the Boston churches will reap a larger and more precious harvest in the year upon which they have now entered.

THE OPEN COMMUNION TENDENCY.—The Christian Banner, organ of the Union Baptists, represents that denomination as follows: "We confidently believe that there are thousands of Baptists in the Old Dominion, who have no need to be urged to make a 'start' in embracing the sentiments of open communion. They have in heart, principle and sympathy, always been open communionists. They are beginning to look at and examine the subject for themselves, and the time is not far distant, when close communion Baptist preachers will be forced to fall into the ranks of open communion Baptists, or go to hard work for their bread and butter."

THE Philadelphia correspondent of the N. Y. Christian Advocate, speaking of the union prayer meetings in that city, says: "The Methodist church has reaped but small increase from them. This is owing, in part, to the fact, that they fall below our standard of spiritual excitement. We cannot do much in revival meetings where there is no mourner's bench or shouting. They are our sling and our stone, and we can fight with them better than in Saul's armor."

A pastor at a late Fulton street prayer-meeting stated that in the church, a short time before, were twenty-five ladies whose husbands were not pious. They met and spoke one to another of the fact, and of their duty in view of it, and agreed to meet weekly for special prayer for their companions. This practice was kept up, as we understand, for some time. The pastor said that on the Sabbath before he left home for his summer vacation, he had the happiness to receive the last of the twenty-five husbands into the church.

THE COMPARATIVE DEGREE.—The *Freeman's Journal* says:—"We regard 'Spiritualism,' so-called, as the most subtle form of false religion in the land, and as therefore far more dangerous than Episcopalianism, Methodism, or Calvanism."

BISHOP HUGHES IN THE PAPERS AGAIN.—A suit was lately decided against St. Peter's (Catholic) church, in this city, by which a bequest, left by one of its members, intended for its benefit, reverts to the heirs. Bishop Hughes publishes a curd, saying that he did not institute this suit, and that he considers the decision just and equitable. The Bishop also speaks of "the good of his soul," a phrase used in the will, as a superstitious allusion. We do not understand this, as prayers for the repose of the dead are still common in the Catholic Church. Is Bishop Hughes, also, among the heretics?

PERMANENT RESULTS.—The Boston *Recorder* says that "while but one in ten of the converts under the Methodist system prove to be permanent members of the Church, there are not usually under Calvinistic administrations more than one in ten that fail of doing so."

GRASS VALLEY—*Increase of Population.*—Within the last two weeks the population of Grass Valley is thought to have increased more than five hundred able-bodied men. These are the men to build up the country, and to build up themselves; to dig the gold out from the earth, with strong arms, and to change it, on the top of the earth, into inviting houses, smiling yards, fruitful gardens, and happy homes. *Journal.*

STATE NEWS.

NEVADA.—The total number of children in Nevada township, according to the recent school census, between the ages of four and eighteen years, is 321; in Grass Valley township, 412; Pen Valley, 73; the other districts have not yet been reported.

EMPTY JAIL.—For the first time for over three years, the Nevada jail is without an occupant.

NEBRASKA SHAFT CLAIM.—A two-fifths interest in this claim was sold a short time since, for $20,000. This has been one of the richest mining claims in the country, and promises to pay largely for years to come.

CHILDREN IN MARYSVILLE.—The census of children in the city of Marysville, between four and eighteen years of age, also of all children under four, on the 1st of Nov. 1858, together with a separate census of all the colored, Chinese, and Digger children in the city, as taken by the Common School Marshal, is before us. It appears that there are 519 children from 4 to 18 years of age; 306 under 4 years. Four hundred and nineteen are boys, 406 girls, and 360 were born in California. One is blind. The whole number of white children is 825. The colored children number 20; the Chinese 5; the Diggers 5.—*Marysville Democrat.*

WEAVERVILLE.—The Trinity *Journal* gives an incident of commendable resolution. Messrs. F. and J. Young closed their Bank Exchange saloon during the brief empire of the Sunday law, and have never done business since on Sunday. Their doors are always closed on that day and night; nevertheless they have done a first-rate business in the six days which they apportion to work.

SONOMA CO.—From the Petaluma *Journal* we foot up the following items from the school census reports as sent in from six different districts in the county. The number of children between 4 and 18 years of age, is 300; whole number of children, 530; of these, 226 are California born.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The school teachers in Sonoma county met in convention at Santa Rosa, October 23, to take measures for the permanent organization of a Teacher's Association. A committee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws, to report at the next meeting. The following resolutions were presented by Mr. Graham, and after being discussed, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That among the leading objects of this organizntion, are the following: 1st, Harmony of action among the Teachers of the County in the government of Schools; 2d, to seek out and adopt generally, the best methods of teaching; 3d, if possible, to effect the adoption throughout the County, of a uniform system of school books; 4th, to promote fraternal intercourse and sympathy among its members; and 5th, to advance as much as we may the educational interests of the whole people.

PETALUMMA CITY.—The citizens of Petaluma, according to the *Journal*, are taking measures to secure a public cemetery. At a meeting held at the Petaluma House, Rev. J. H. Brodt, Dr. Barnes and three others, were appointed a committee to prepare and report as to the plan and best measures to secure the object in view.

Green grass and flowers are appearing in the dells and on the plains around Petaluma, and we can safety predict that when nature shall have spread out her rich green and variegated carpet, it will be difficult to find a more delightful spot in the State.

YANKEE JIMS.—The returns of the School Marshal for the district embracing Yankee Jims, Placer county, show the following state of the rising generation in that locality: Total number of boys, 67; number of girls, 63; over 4 and under 18 years, 71; under 4 years, 59; born in the State, 63.

SHEEP.—The large number of 10,500 sheep is now being driven, or about to be driven from New Mexico to California.

CASH IN THE TREASURY.—The Sacramento *Bee* of Monday says: "At the commencement of business to-day, there was in the State Treasury the sum of $513,050 11, in cash.—There is but little doubt but that when the Legislature meets, it will find half a million in the treasury.

SANTA CRUZ SPAR TIMBER.—The Santa Cruz *Sentinel* says that fine timber for masts and spars can be obtained in the forests of that county, much cheaper than at San Francisco. The silver fur is recommended.

PAYING FOR THE PITCHER.—Dr. Adam Clarke was preaching to a large congregation in Ireland, and after dwelling in glowing terms on the freeness of the Gospel, and telling them that the water of life could be had "without money and without price," at the conclusion of the sermon a person announced that a collection would be made to support the Gospel in foreign parts. This announcement disconcerted the worthy Doctor, who afterwards related the circumstance to the lady of the house where he was staying. "True, Doctor," replied the hostess, "the water of life is free, without money and without price, but they must pay for the pitchers to carry it in." The conclusion of this anecdote was followed by cheerful smiles and clapping of hands, and the children showed that they understood its import, by the readiness with which they contributed to the collection.

The Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO:
THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 11, 1858.

SACRAMENTO AGENCY.—Mr. Geo. I. Lytle is our authorized Agent in Sacramento. Persons wishing to subscribe for THE PACIFIC, can have it left at their residences, by leaving their names at Carswell's book-store, corner of 4th and K Streets.

DURING HIS LIFETIME.

It is stated in the memoirs of Amos Lawrence that, "during his life time," he gave away in charitable and benevolent purposes, $700,000. When John Jacob Astor died, he bequeathed some $400,000 for a public library in the city of New York. Girard donated to the building of a magnificent college, a large portion of his wealth, but the first stroke was not to be done on it until after he was dead. And so it has been with most men who have been distinguished for their wealth, they have done, or attempted to do, more after death than before; and in many instances, the monuments of a posthumous liberality have only marked the signal folly of a dead man redeeming time. We can imagine the true genuine happiness Amos Lawrence must have enjoyed in seeing Williams College and other institutions east and west, upon which his princely munificence was bestowed, growing, enlarging and flourishing under his fostering care. Many of his charitable acts are unpublished to this day; many were the deeds of the right hand that remained unknown to the left. By making himself his own executor, as he passed along through life he not only reaped life-joys in declining years, but has left an example which is too noble to be wholly lost, it will yet be a legacy of untold blessings—more than all his gold ever proved, to the coming generation.

We ourselves believe that the time is not far, when professors of religion, dying with unappropriated wealth upon their hands, aside from capital in business, will be doomed by surviving friends to a questionable standing before God, the Judge of all. To hoard up surplus funds, when the wants of the world are more than enough to exhaust them, is to betray a solemn trust. The commands of God to his servants, to his stewards are, not to keep, but to give his gold, each and all of his stewards must dispense to those who need the blessings entrusted to their charge.

Why need you fear to die lacking your thousands to will to greedy relatives? Why not die poor, having given *during one's life time* to objects, enterprizes and individuals which come up with God-signed claims on an enlightened liberality, and so pass to the last account counting monuments as you go, that sing their morning music at the light of your face. Give to your children and friends all that they may justly claim, but entail not upon them the idea that their honor in the world and their success in life, must depend upon a few thousand more or less. Will not away the sure times and seasons of doing good to those who may have no sympathy, or heart, or conscience for the work. *During your lifetime* exhaust, if possible, all that God has given you personally and individually for his glory in the welfare of the living present and coming future, and leave not for others to do after you are dead and gone, that which you may and ought to do during your lifetime.

Sunday Evening Discourses on the Evidences of Christianity.

Rev. Dr. Anderson, of the First Presbyterian Church, Stockton Street, is delivering a series of discourses on the evidences of Christianity, and kindred topics, in regular order. Bringing, as he does, to this work, a ripe scholarship and a sincere desire to advance the truth, the lectures can hardly fail to impress every candid hearer with strong convictions of the truthfulness of the Sacred Scriptures, and furnish the believer with weapons for an intelligent and successfu warfarel against the attacks of infidelity.

It would be well for those who are unaccustomed to visit the house of God, because, forsooth they do not believe in the christian religion; and who are above believing in it more because their *feelings* reject the truth than that their reason fails in *attempts* to grasp it; more because they know so little, than that they know so much, to attend these lectures, and for once in their lives give themselves the chance to say, that they have listened patiently and calmly to the arguments of christianity in behalf of its divine origin and destiny. But there is the rub, *to be candid* is to admit it all. Bare, bald consistency, even, with his high sounding theory of logic and evidence, must compel the sceptic to an intellectual admission of the authenticity of the Scriptures, even if it had but one hundredth part of the proof to rest upon that it has. The lecture last Sabbath evening was the third of the series, and for one of its kind was compact in argument and well stocked with historic proof, running on with an interest that increased to the end.

REV. DR. BUSHNELL.

We learn from the N. Y. Observer that Dr. Bushnell's Church, in Hartford, have very reluctantly accepted his resignation, and that he is soon to leave for a future home in California. Private letters by the last Steamer, confirm the statement, and add that he will leave as soon as possible.

To the many friends of Dr. Bushnell, the above intelligence will be more than welcome. His presence here cannot but be a lasting advantage to the State, and as he will doubtless be connected with the great interests of Education, he will prove "*the man for the hour*,"—the man for a UNIVERSITY.

A RUNAWAY.

Editors have but few holidays, and the few they do have, are enjoyed all the more because they happen so like "angel's visits." One day after our paper was ready for the press, without asking leave, we boldly ventured across the bay. Safely landed, we mounted a friend's gray pony, and with a speed equal to the exhilerated feelings of a runaway, we soon arrived at our destination. We tied our horse to an oak tree, and climbing the nearest hill, sat down with a tolerably quiet conscience to enjoy the scene and the hour. A fog for a time confined us to very narrow bounds, but after it had slowly lifted itself and passed away, there was spread out before us a view, the like of which we had never, never seen. Below us, running and winding with the mountainous range, on the foothills of which we stood, spread out plains, cut up here and there by the plow into pure black acres of mellow soil, making with the yet virgin sod, a grand chessboard plot, where games of life and fortune were being driven by the stirring Anglo Saxon. Near and far, the bay shone with a magnificence and beauty unrivalled by the rarest wonders of eastern tale. The round crestless waves uncoiled their many miles of dreamy motion on a fairy shore. Islands, wild with huge rocky ramparts, were toned with azure hue, and as their enchanted shadows fell on the unruffled tide, new beauties mirrored their life on the molten sea—the coast mountains on the right, towering in repose amid the clouds, ready to break the storms, speeding in their ungovernable fury, and breathe them down in breezes of better, calmer life below; and on the left, the castellated and spray beaten promontories of the Golden Gate, charmed for a moment the spell-bound admiration of the beholder, but quickly lifting the intense gaze, launched it far, far out on the broad, boundless, mighty Pacific.

We know not how a man can stand where we stood and not feel grateful for the privilege. We know not how he can look upon such a panorama of nature, in which are grouped in poetic beauty never surpassed, hills, bays, islands, plains, mountains, with the ocean of the globe in the far back ground, dissolving the view into an immensity of space the soul alone can conceive, without an enlargement of mind and an awakening of new happiness. And there, also, in the near and distinct foreground was San Francisco in her glory. The great metropolis of a commerce that must soon rival the splendor of eastern marts, giving out already from her domes, towers, factories, docks and forest shipping, as well as from her home-terraced hills, glances and lustrous gleams of a future that will scarce find a parallel in the history of the world.

Down there, said our friend, pointing to an arcadian looking spot, watered by living mountain springs and safe from winds, as the rich growth of fine beautiful trees proved, is a ten acre lot for a botanic garden; on a knoll to the right is a site for a chapel and permanent dwellings. In the rear of the garden and near the hill, the place is reserved for public halls, and buildings; and on this hill an observatory can be built which can command, as no observatory in America can, the setting of the heavenly bodies, not behind the hills, but in the very sea. Here, added he, are one hundred and forty acres as fine as can be found east or west of the Rocky mountains, which the trustees have secured, and here they have located the future *College of California*. For this, all must say "well done."

Nature, indeed, has provided educators for that college on the most magnificent scale, and has given her endowment which shall endure to all ages. We hope the trustees will go on in their great and good cause, and secure men worthy to be co-laborers in a work the accomplisement of which nature long ago commenced.

NOTES BY A TRAVELING AGENT.

Rev. "J. C. S," is the traveling agent for the *Pacific Methodist*, a journal, by the way edited by a man of no mean ability, and whose kindly feelings for all men are well expressed in the urbanity of his social and public life.

In his travels, Rev. J. C. S. has fallen upon a certain minister who "reads well" in the pulpit, finely intimating thereby that reading is not preaching. Now, we advise all who use manuscripts in their pulpits, to dispense with them, for if Rev. J. C. S. happens to be present you will not come up to his style of preaching. To one or two ministers, however, J. C. S. graciously allows the honor of preaching, though they read. Manuscript in Calvary church is not the same thing with manuscript in Sacramento pulpits. But this is a small matter compared with certain grave implications, to wit: that this same minister does not preach the gospel. Who has made him judge? Whence this man's assurance, rounding up into arrogance itself, to pronounce upon one, who for ten years of laborious, unceasing, even exhausting labors, spending himself as but few men have done for the intellectual, moral and spiritual good of his people, as betraying his solemn charge, as substituting flash lectures for the gospel of reconciliation? If it is all true, what can that church, composed as it is of Christian men and women, who are as well read, perhaps, in the doctrines and precepts of the gospel as J. C. S. himself, what can they be about to allow a gospelless minister to preach to them?

If it is true, we are surprised that so many intelligent, well-bred young men, who crowd to those *annual lectures*, should not pronounce them as rather irreligious, because forsooth, they are highly intellectual, and *as* lectures, tend to accomplish the end in view?

It is a notion which prevails with many that no sermon can be a gospel sermon, in which "Christ and Him Crucified," in so many words, ring no changes. In the Sermon on the Mount, preeminently a gospel sermon, how many times is the phrase used? Even the word "God" is used only five or six times throughout, and yet this is the very first written gospel sermon on record; and all sermons, lectures, books, like it, are gospel in a true sense, with or without the technical phrase of Christ and Him Crucified.

And besides, we might give to J. C. S. texts from Philemon, Ephesians, Colossians, &c., relating chiefly to intercourse and duties between man and man, and from them preach a first rate, earnest gospel sermon, without any special declamation on the cross. If one man can preach better without paper before him, in his annual or biennial charge, very well; if another man can work better with carefully written discourse, and maintain himself and lead his people on prosperously, for a whole quarter or half a century on a stretch, common courtesy at least, will accord him a place with other preachers, perhaps as good, perhaps better, and perhaps *purer* than himself.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF RUM SELLING.

No one questions, or can rightfully question the fact, that a large portion of the money collected in the shape of taxes from our citizens is expended in punishing crimes caused, and alleviating miseries produced, by the use of intoxicating liquors. Now is it just and equitable that those who never themselves indulge in the "good creature," who make no profit by its sale, and who shun it as the enemy of all that is good; "who touch not, taste not, and handle not the unclean thing," should be taxed for the benefit of those who make their living by selling the intoxicating draught. Have not those who adhere to temperance, a right to claim exemption from paying expenses caused by a practice they protest against in every possible manner, and by which they are in no way benefitted. It is customary in cities to have the streets lighted at night, to defray the expense of which a tax is levied, but this tax is not paid by those who, living in the suburbs, out of the "Lamp District," are not benefitted by the expenditure. So it would seem the principle is there recognized, that taxes are levied upon those who are benefitted, and not on those who are not. The same rule applied in the case of temperance and intemperance would throw the burthen of defraying the expenses caused by the sale of intoxicating liquors upon those who profit by the sale, and not upon a community, which as a whole, is not only not benefitted, but greatly injured by the traffic. Why then should not our laws be so framed as to put "the saddle on the right horse," why not levy a tax on the sale of liquor sufficient to pay at least for the public expenditure it causes?

While it may be rightfully claimed that those who profit by the business of making drunkards, shall be taxed sufficiently to relieve the public of the burthen caused by their deeds, there is still another responsibility for which they are equitable reliable. This is to the wives and children made widows and orphans by their means. Can any good reason be given why the dealers in this known though slow poison, should not be equally responsible as those whose business it is to sell poisons for medicine, and who are held accountable for improper sales through which injury is inflicted on health or life. Why should Railroad proprietors be compelled as they have been frequently, to pay heavy sums in damages to the heirs of persons who have lost their lives through the carelessness of their agents, if liquor dealers are held harmless for selling to the miserable inebriate the fatal draught which they know must inevitably soon consign him to his grave?

Why not enact a law to enable the heirs of those who die in consequence of drunkenness, to bring suit against those who have in truth brought the husband and father to the grave by the poisoned draught they have held to their lips, to recover pecuniary damages in favor of the widow and orphans they have made by their detestable occupations?

We have in this State a law against duelling, which inflicts severe penalties upon a person who causes the death of another in a duel, making him liable for his debts, among other things. Why not make the dealers in intoxicating liquors equally responsible for the debts of those whose deaths they cause? Shall the rum seller continue to be a favorite of the law? Shall he forever be allowed to continue his nefarious occupation with the privilege of thrusting upon a community he is continually injuring, the miserable victims of his love of gain, of causing misery and crime to run riot over the land, and none to say him nay? It cannot be. The time must and will come, when he will be called upon to answer for his deeds. †

THE BETHEL.

Our attention has been not a little excited by a notice in the "Sea Bird," a monthly paper, devoted to the interests of seamen and their families, published in New York; which states, that the Seamen's Bethel in this city is "under the direction of the Ladies Seamen's Friend Society" of San Francisco. In all our notices of the Bethel, we have represented that it was under the direction of the American Seamen's Friend Society in New York. So we supposed then, and so we beleive yet, but if we are in error we are willing to correct it, and give the Society here the credit and not to a society in New York. But we are quite sure the mistake lies with the "*Sea Bird*," and not with us; for in a printed circular issued by the Ladies Seamen's Friend Society, it is expressly stated: "This Society is not *sectarian or connected with any Bethel enterprise*," &c. There must have been certain grave reasons for this specific declaration, for the italics are all in the circular.

MINING.

WHERE THE IMPROVEMENTS COME FROM.

The last steamer carried off over two millions of treasure; the steamer before that over two millions also. When we consider that these shipments are made, not in the full tide of a winter mining, but in the low ebb of a dry season, we may well express some surprise at such results. River mining has contributed no inconsiderable part of these exports, but the chief yield has been from the improved methods of mining, now in such general use throughout the State.

At first the simple pan and rocker constituted the extent of mining operations, together with the pick and shovel. In localities that were extremely rich this mode was considered highly successful; but all places were not equally remunerative: some other method was demanded. As an improvement, the "*long tom*" came into use. It was first invented in Nevada, and for a while gave great satisfaction, and was looked upon as quite an era in mining; but the depletion of gold from the hills and banks was too rapid, and the idea of the "long tom," literally ran into the ground, and miners were soon in raptures over the successful working of the "*ground sluices*." But to run the sluice and fill up the "*riffles*" with the yellow dust, as well as to furnish water for dry diggings, ditches were surveyed and dug, which at once extended and multiplied mining operations in dry as well as wet seasons. For the first sluice and the first ditch the State is indebted to Nevada genius and enterprise. Progress, however, did not stop here. It was soon found that there was a vast extent of mining ground that contained gold, but which could not be made to yield sufficiently fast for the realization of "*big profits*," by the comparatively slow processes of "*long toming*" and "*ground sluicing*." Matteson, with a small wooden pipe, improved subsequently, by a smooth lining of tin, to lessen the friction of the water, furnished the idea that has grown into the "*hydraulic hose*" engine now in use. We may well call it an engine, for it has power sufficient to wash down mountains, and sluice off hills, to order and to time. Matteson was a *Nevada* miner, and his first hydraulic operation was on American Hill, at that time in the corporate limits of that famous city. They are not to be blamed, who pronounced this the *ne plus ultra* of mining. To see a whole battery of hydraulics breaking up and tumbling down the old "everlasting hills" into the Yuba, is enough to impress a man with an idea of power and execution that cannot be easily made to come in as second, to any force in the employ of man. But while we are thus exulting over the stupendous results of a little ingenuity, the earth suddenly *quakes* beneath us, and there to the right, whole acres of hard cemented banks crumble down in piles of loose dirt, scattered and broken on the bed rock.

We enquire and find the miners have done it; they have taken gunpowder and are now mining *a la earthquake*. See how the idea takes, how it runs:

"The proprietors of a claim at Indian Hill, Sierra county, propose to make an experiment in blasting a heavy bank of earth by burying deeply fifteen or twenty tons of gunpowder."—*Sierra Citizen*.

This gunpowder plot is an idea of San Juan miners. San Juan is in *Nevada county*. What next from that region? That they have commenced mining by electricity; that they are sinking shafts and drifting tunnels by a thunderbolt process, and stripping bed rock by some dread Pultonic agency; until all this is done, we shall hesitate to say *ne plus ultra* to mining improvements, at least in Nevada county, if not in California.

RELIGIOUS ITEMS.

Union Prayer Meetings continue to be held daily in the Pine street Baptist Church, at 12 M. All are cordially invited to attend and unite with God's people in prayer for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit upon the churches and upon the people of this city.

The Baptist church and society in San Jose are building a neat and substantial house of worship. The edifice is of brick and is fifty feet in length by thirty wide, and twenty-two feet from floor to ceiling. Its style of architecture is gothic.

CHURCHES IN THE MOUNTAINS.—There are five churches at Coloma, El Dorado county, viz.: Episcopal, Baptist, Catholic, Methodist and colored Methodist. The *Republican* says:

In the valley below us, at our sister town of Union, there are three church edifices—two of them very neat and commodious buildings; one Methodist, one Baptist, and the old church, Universalist.

STOCKTON.—The first Baptist church of Stockton have given a unanimous call to the Rev. Mr. King, formerly of Sonora, to become their Pastor.

The Powell St. M. E. church, Dr. Peck, Pastor, of this city, received last Sabbath a large accession to its membership. Forty were admitted.

In Calvary church, Dr. Scott, Pastor, nine were received on profession and seven by letter.

Last Sabbath also, in the First Presbyterian church, Dr. Anderson, Pastor, three were received on profession of faith, and one by letter.

A Methodist church South, under the charge of Rev. O. P. Fitzgerald, has recently been organised, and held its first regular service last Sabbath, in the Chinese chapel, in this city.

REV. WM. E. BAKER, formerly Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Sacramento, has received a call to become Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Stanton, Va.

LATER FROM THE SOUTH.

[BY THE OVERLAND MAIL.]

The Los Angeles *Star* of Oct. 30, furnishes us with the following items:

SYRUP AND SUGAR FROM CHINESE CANE. We are very glad to be able to state that the experiment made by the Hon. B. D. Wilson, in the manufacture of syrup and sugar from the Chinese sugar cane, has been entirely successful. The mill operates admirably, and the produce of the cane is abundant beyond anything ever experienced, considered either in respect to its yield as cane, or as fodder for the cattle and other animals, or for seed, of which fowl eat with avidity. In all respects it is well adapted for culture in this country, and we have no doubt it will come into general favor.

PASTURES.—The country at present affords abundant pasture for stock. The late rain has caused vegetation to spring forth so luxuriantly as to put an abundant grass crop beyond any contingency of a dry season.

PROSPECTING.—Some of the emigrants who have lately come into this section of country from the Eastern States are turning ther attention already to mining. A party of four have associated for this purpose, and left on Wednesday last, with a view of prospecting in the mountains of San Francisco, near Hart's. One of the party is a practical miner, and believes he can find "dirt" worth throwing up, to await a supply of water during the rainy season.

THE HONEY BEE.—We are to have "the little busy bee" at work amongst us, three hives having been imported by the last steamer—two for Mr. Childs and one for Mr. Stockton. There was but one hive in this part of the country before these, which was at Mr. Bradford's, of the Puente. Our climate is peculiarly adapted to the propagation of the honey bee. We shall soon have plenty of them in our gardens.

SAN BERNARDINO.—The farmers are busily engaged in ploughing and sowing. The season has been most propitious for field labor. The weather of late has been quite variable, the days being very warm and pleasant, but the mornings and nights quite cold. Pretty severe frosts have been experienced, doing damage to the corn that has not yet ripened.

By the arrival of the overland mail, of Nov. 6th, we clip the following account of a horrible outrage by the Mohave Indians, from the *Southern Vineyard* extra, copied from the Santa Fe *Gazette*, of Oct. 16.

"The emigrant party had arrived in safety at the crossing of the Rio Colorado, near the Mohave villages. Shortly afterwards they were attacked by three hundred Mohave Indians, while most of the white men were engaged in constructing rafts to cross and in herding their stock, when a fight ensued. In this engagement the emigrants lost three men, two women and four children killed, with sixteen wounded. The Indians took all the stock except nineteen head of cattle and eleven horses.

The emigrants then retreated on the return route in the night, taking with them but two wagons wherein to haul a small supply of provisions and bedding for the women and children—the whole party at the date of the letter consisting of "one hundred and twenty-three men, thirty-three women, old and young, and forty-seven children, from the two-week babe up." Soon after the retreat, starvation already staring the company in the face, they fortunately met another emigrant party who generously shared with them their provisions and comforts. This party, out of five hundred head of stock, had but one hundred and forty-five left—and these were in a most miserable condition.

This party were a few of a larger party from Van Buren county, Iowa, for California. In New Mexico the party divided, one part coming the Beale and the other the Butterfield route. Those by the latter route have been in San Bernardino some weeks.

NEW BOOKS.

SPURGEON'S FOURTH SERIES OF SERMONS, and THE NEW YORK PULPIT.

The above are the titles of two recent publications of sermons from the Harpers, of New York, just imported here, and now for sale by A. Roman, 114 Montgomery street, for one dollar each.

The first, from the famed London preacher, we have read with unusual interest, and believe it much in advance of the previous volumes by the same author. The sermons relate to subjects involved in the real wants of men; their structure is simple, the sentences plain, the words generally common English, the idea clearly expressed and the style smooth and easy. For printed sermons, they are remarkably readable, full of meaning, and gushing with the preacher's heart emotions. We cheerfully recommend them to all, and especially to friends in the mountains or the country who wish for sermons to read in public worship where there is no minister.

The second, the "New York Pulpit," is also a collection of sermons, but selected from those of twenty different eminent ministers of New York and Brooklyn, delivered during the time of the recent great revival. It is a good collection, but still the sermons somehow read not like those of preachers of large experience in revival scenes. A sermon in a revival, even as at other times, should grasp some great truth; unfold that truth clearly, presenting it to the season, and then press that truth home upon the hearer by an earnest, powerful application—stirring the feelings, rousing the conscience, and forcing the mind onward to a correct decision. But the sermons we have read of this volume seem rather only exhortations of able men, who were taken by surprise by the awakening among their people, and hence lack the clearness, the unity, the system, method and deep thought of well prepared sermons. Yet the volume is worth the price, and is adapted to do good. S. V.

DIARY AND CORRESPONDENCE OF AMOS LAWRENCE.

Of the many books written for the times, this is one which we consider as among the most timely, and of absorbing interest. It tells in a very plain, unostentatious way, the greatness of a truly good and noble man. A man like Amos Lawrence is a premium to his race. Read it. It will do you good. We procured the copy we have at Allen & Spier's bookstore, Clay street, near Montgomery.

OVERLAND MAIL BULLETIN.

Left this city for Memphis, last Friday, Nov. 5, at 1 o'clock, A. M., with four through passengers.

Arrived at Placerville Nov. 3d, with U. S. Mails and one passenger from Salt Lake.

Arrived in this city Friday, Nov. 5th, with four days later news, or with dates from St. Louis to 11th ult. Time, about twenty-six days.

Departed Nov. 7th, at midnight, with mails and four through passengers to the Atlantic States.

Arrived in this city Nov. 7th, at quarter before 10 o'clock, in twenty-three days from St. Louis. The stage entered Montgomery street amid the shouts and hussas of the crowd, which were repeated by the assembled hundreds all along the route to the Post Office, and from thence to the Plaza.

It is a grand sight to see those noble horses, dripping and smoking with heat, coming in ahead of steam.

Arrived in Placerville Nov. 8th, fourteen days from Salt Lake. No through passengers.

NINE DAYS LATER NEWS FROM THE EAST BY THE OVERLAND MAIL.

The news is chiefly limited to election returns from Ohio, Pennsylvania, Iowa and Indiana. The *Missouri Democrat* says: The returns came to us from the late Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania elections, in such disconnected style as to leave us in doubt respecting a few of the Congressional elections. At the time of writing, however, it is evident than an immense revulsion has taken place in public sentiment in those named States, and that where lately the National Democracy were so triumphant, there now waves from the ramparts the banner of Republicanism. It is perhaps not saying too much to affirm that the control of the government for two years to come depends in a great measure upon the elections just transpired. The struggle, indeed, has been almost a definite one, so far as the Administration is concerned, for its last reserves have been brought into the field, and it has no fragments of other parties on which to rally in the future.

OHIO.—The Congressmen elect, so far as known, are as follows: 1st District, Pendleton, D., 540; 2d, Gurley, R., 724; 3d, Vallandigham, D., 180; 5th, Ashley, R.; 7th, Tom Corwin, R.; 8th, Stanton, R.; 9th, Carey, R.; 10th, Trimble, R.; 11th, Martin, D.; 13th, Sherman, R., 2,000; 14th, Spinck, R., 2,500; 19th, R., 1,900 majority; 21st, Bingham, R., 1,200. At least 15 of the Congressmen are Republicans. The Republicans claim to have carried the State ticket by 10,000 majority.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Phila de lphia gives abou 5,000 majority against the Administration, and Reading gives a majority on the same side of 800. We know the result in 13 congressional districts out of 25; and of these 13 the Opposition have elected 10; most of them by large majorities, while the Administration men elected have only small majorities.

INDIANA.—The returns indicate the election of English, Administration Democrat, in the 2d District, by a small majority. In the 3d District, Dunn, R., is elected; 4th District, Holman, D., is elected; 5th District, Kilgore, R., is elected; 6th District, Porter, R., is elected by a majority of from 300 to 400, which is a Republican gain in the District of 1200 over the vote of 1856; 8th District, Wilson, R., is elected; 9th District, Colfax, R., is re-elected; 11th District, Petit, D.; 1st District, A. P. Hovey, Anti-Lecompton Democrat; 7th District, John G. Davis.

The Republicans have gained in most of the counties, but the general result in the State is not yet known.

IOWA.—The whole Republican county ticket is elected in this district by 150 majority.

BALTIMORE.—The Baltimore Mayoralty election passed off without outbreak, October 13th. Colonel Shutt, independent candidate, withdrew his name; Swann, American, was therefore re-elected without opposition.

FUSION IN NEW YORK CITY.—The *New York Times* says that there will be a fusion of the Americans and Republicans in New York city, and adds:

It is understood that members of the Conference Committees representing both parties have been thoroughly canvassed, and the result indicates that the Sheriff's office, Governorship of the Almshouse, and the Coronership will be accepted by the Americans, while the Republicans may be well content with the positions of County Clerk, District Attorney, Judge of the Supreme Court, and the two Coroners.

Overland Mail News in New York.

The *N. Y. Times* says: The Overland Mail Company has demonstrated the practicability and utility of its contract. We print in another column news which left San Francisco on September 16th, reaching St. Louis on the 6th inst., thus effecting the transit in twenty-three days, rivalling the fastest time by the sea route. This is well. It deserves the cordial and eloquent compliment paid it in the telegram of the President. We have at last a channel of intercourse with our Pacific coast not exposed to marine casualties, or the interposition of a hostile power; but wholly upon land, that land our own, and so remote from external reach, as to be beyond the risk of interruption in case of war. Of course with the extension of the telegraph from St. Louis westward, and from Placerville eastward, this time will be materially shortened; and that extension is now actively prosecuted from both sides.

THE ISTHMUS QUESTION.—The Washington correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, writing October 11th, says: Grave difficulty on the Nicaragua question supervenes. Jarez now denies having made any repudiations as conditions to his reception by our Government, and refuses to perform any pretended repudiations. He will probably be dismissed by Gen. Cass, and orders will be likely given to take possession of the transit route by naval force till the demand of this Government shall be conceded by Nicaragua.

ANNEXATION OF THE SOCIETY ISLANDS. A dispatch from Washington, dated October 13th, says: The Administration have received an official document from those in power in two of the Society Islands, proposing to surrender them to the United States. It is said in diplomatic circles, that this paper was transmitted to our Government by Count de Sartiges, the French Minister, but no reason is stated for his resorting to this channel of communication. The subject will receive due consideration, especially in its geographical aspect.

FIGHT WITH THE NAVAJO INDIANS.—On August 29th, a fight occurred between a small detachment of troops under Major McLean and the Indians, at Bear Springs, in New Mexico, in which McLean was severely wounded, and six or eight Navajoes were killed.

RETURNING PROSPERITY.

NEVADA—*Still they come.*—The stages to this city come crowded to excess. Seventy-one passengers unloaded here on Tuesday night. The stages of Wednesday night had passengers clinging to them at every available place.—*Journal.*

FOLSOM.—The *Dispatch* of Nov. 6th, says, "There were men some nights last week, wandering through town, unable to find spare beds in hotels, and our four principal provision merchants tell us that they are days behind in delivering goods to their neighbors by their job wagons.

PLACERVILLE.—For years our city has not presented such a bustling appearance as it does at present, and it promises to continue for months. We are on the high road to prosperity. Our city is improving in every direction, and everywhere the evidences of prosperity and permanency meet the eye. There is scarcely a vacant house in our town, and capitalists are investing their money in new buildings. It is conceded by visitors that Placerville is the largest, handsomest, best built, most prosperous town in the mines, and it is constantly increasing in wealth, population and business.—*Democrat.*

BARRATRY OF THE KATE FOSTER.

Capt. Billings, late master of this vessel, is now undergoing an examination before U. S. Commissioner McAllister, in this city, upon the charge of barratry. Some months ago the brig cleared from Valparaiso with a valuable cargo for Iquique, Peru. Failing to make her appearance in due course at her port of destination, apprehensions were entertained that she had met with some disaster. In a short time, however, the vessel was heard from at the Sandwich Islands, under circumstances that induced the belief that the deviation from the original voyage had been intentional by the master. Various portions of the cargo were disposed of by the captain, as appears by the evidence now given in Honolulu, whence he sailed for Victoria, Brit. Col. At the latter port he offered to sell vessel and the remainder of the cargo, but his design was frustrated by the interference of a person who was cognizant of the fraud. He was immediately arrested and put under heavy bonds, but managed to make his escape from the authorities. Up to this time his family had remained with him. Mrs. Billings under the assumed name of Barton, came to this city by steamer, and stopped at Hillman's Temperance House. Our police being apprised of these movements, and also of the supposed sailing from Victoria of the captain himself on the schooner Lord Raglan, boarded that vessel within a few hours of her arrival in port, but no person of the name of Billings had been a passenger, but there had been one who answered his description. By adroit management the police effected the arrest of the captain at the same hotel with Mrs. Billings, both going under the name of Barton. Their passages had been taken, and they were provided with tickets by the mail steamer sailing the ensuing day.

When convinced that he was detected, the captain avowed his guilt, and surrendered, what he said at the time were all the proceeds of his frauds, and conveyed the vessel, as attorney for the owner who resides in the Atlantic States, over to the parties here who represent the persons interested in the cargo. The examination has not yet been concluded, but a full committal on the charge of barratry must result even from his own admissions. The money paid for passages to the East has been refunded to Mrs. Billings by the agents of the mail steamer, upon the suggestion of all parties concerned, that she should accept the funds for immediate support of herself and children, although she desired that it should be given in restitution to those whom her husband had defrauded. It would seem from the latest evidence in the case, that there has been an attempt made by Capt. Billings to secrete $2,500 of his ill-gotten gains, but the money has been traced and will probably be recovered. ☞

THE MONITOR.

This weekly journal, devoted to the interests and literature of the Roman Catholic Church in this State, has again made its appearance, after a short suspension of three months. The number before us contains a very just and timely article on the useless parade and wasteful expenditure of fashionable funerals, which of late have become so common. It rebukes the tyranny of society which compels the poor, those who are too poor to afford it, to maintain a status in the church or in society, by a showy or imposing funeral.

It appears that this matter is exciting no little discussion and interest abroad, and that in Pittsburg, Buffalo, and other places, measures are actually initiated to reform, if not to do away, altogether, these pompous demonstrations of respect and affection to the memory of the dead. This example is one which may be followed by other denominations much to their credit.

In looking over its columns of advertisements, we notice a liberal space is devoted to liquor merchant's cards, also to theatrical bills, and programmes, all of which, in a religious newspaper, looks, to say the least, very much out of place.

CITY NEWS.

The Sonora, which left on Friday the 5th inst., took another immense load of treasure, viz. $2,251,858 44.

U. S. BRANCH MINT.—The total amount of gold deposited in this establishment last week, was 21,390 ounces, worth about $400,000,

BENEVOLENT.—The sum now on hand and subscribed to the Fremen's Cemetery Fund, amounts to about $1.900. The total amount needed is said to be $3,q00.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. }

In accordance with established usage, as the Chief Executive of the State, I hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the twenty-fifth instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer. And I do earnestly invoke the good people of this State, abstaining from all secular pursuits, to assemble in their respective places of worship, and with sincere and contrite hearts to offer up thanks to the Supreme Ruler of the universe for the manifold blessings conferred upon us during the past year, and humbly and fervently supplicate Him that he will continue us a free, prosperous and united people.

{ L. S. } Witness my hand and the Great Seal of State, at Sacramento City, this 1st day of November, A. D. 1858.

JOHN B. WELLER, Governor.

Attest: FERRIS FORMAN,
Secretary of State.

TREATY WITH SIAM.

A treaty has recently been concluded between the United States and Siam, a treaty passed on liberal principles, and likely to prove highly advantageous to the commerce of both Countries. The recent mission of Sir John Bowring to Siam, has made us acquainted with that distant and singular people. His account of the geography, history, productions, laws, institutions, manners and customs of the Country, is full and interesting. The Government is an absolute despotism. The population is about five millions. The territorial opulence is immense. Rice and sugar, of superior qualities, cotton, gutta-percha, bamboo, ratan, varnish, gold, silk, salt, tobacco, rosewood, ebony, ivory, gamboge and precious stones are among the variety of articles exported. The treaty our Government has concluded with Siam is liberal in its terms, and offers advantages to American merchants of which they will not be slow to avail themselves. That a profitable trade will spring up between the two Countries, the commodities of the one being exchanged for the productions of the other, may well be assumed. The commerce of Siam is now in good part engrossed by the Chinese; but they are not rivals to be feared. It is with the English that our merchants will have to contend for the prize of Siamese trade. That they have energy and sagacity to contend with success, their past history furnishes adequate proof.—*N. Y. Shipping List.*

CONCERT AT DR. SCOTT'S CHURCH.—It will be seen by a notice in our advertising columns, that a concert of a somewhat novel character, is to be given in Calvary church on Tuesday evening of next week. By the lovers of sacred music much will be expected, and no doubt the highest expectations will be met.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 9th inst., by Rev. Mr. Cutler, at the Unitarian Church, Mr. William Sherman, President of the S. F. Board of Education, to Miss Anna Margaret Shew, all of San Francisco.

In this city, Nov. 9th, by Rev. E. S. Lacy, Mr. Anson Averell to Miss Sarah B. Haskell, all of this city.

In this city, at the Howard street Presbyterian church, Nov. 8th, by Rev. Mr. Willey, Mr. Joseph H. Morrison to Miss Ann Ray, all of this city.

In this city, Nov. 7th, Mr. D. Ferris to Mrs. Burns, all of Philadelphia.

Near San Jose, Oct. 31st, by Rev. J. Grewell, Mr. G. T. Tanner to Mrs. Elizabeth Pyle.

At San Jose, on the 31st of Oct., by Rev. J. C. Simmons, Mr. A. C. White, of La Grange, to Miss Lucy Winterburn.

At San Andres, Nov. 1st, by the Rev. James Motter, Mr. Tho's McGlinn to Miss Honore Lenehan.

At Sonora, Oct. 31st, Mr Josiah Kimball, of North Dixmont, Maine, to Miss Honora O'Grady.

DIED.

In this city, Nov. 8th. of consumption, Eleanor J. wife of Wm. H. Seth, aged 28 years.

In this city, Nov. 6th, of consumption, Mrs. Elizabeth K. Barry, wife of E. N. Barry, aged 38 years.

In Napa city, Nov. 7th, Robert R. Pierpont, Esq., District Attorney of Napa county, a native of Rutland, Vt., aged 34 years.

At San Jose, Nov. 7th, Antonio Pico, son of A. Ma. Pico, aged 15 years.

At Sacramento, Nov. 7th, Willie Yost.

At Napa city, Nov. 5th, of consumption, Robert R. Pierpont, aged 35 years.

At Belleville, Ill., Aug. 22d, of billious fever, John Forsyth, in the 18th year of his age.

At San Bernardino, Sept. 25th, Mrs. Margaret W. Saunders, wife of C. G. Saunders, in the 46th year of her age.

At Lauraville, near Auburn, Placer county, Oct. 31st, Emily Gwynn, in the 21st year of her age.

At Sonora, Nov. 2d, Joel Allen, aged 36 years.

GRAND CONCERT

OF

SACRED MUSIC

TO BE GIVEN ON

Tuesday Evening, Nov. 16,

AT

CALVARY CHURCH,

(Bush Street.)

The proceeds of which will be applied towards

Paying for the New Organ,

Which will then have been completed in the Church.

THE CONCERT WILL CONSIST OF EXHIBITIONS of the capacities of the Organ, under the hands of several Artistes, also the performance of several heavy choruses from works of the utmost eminent composers, and Quartettes and Solos by the favorite singers of the city.

ADMISSION..$2

Tickets may be obtained at the Bookstore of H. H. Bancroft & Co., Montgomery street, near Merchant; of Elliot & Bell, corner of Montgomery and California streets, and of James R. Roberts, California street, second door below Battery. noll-td

Holloway's Ointment.—The penetrative and healing action of this potent salve is a marvel throughout the world. Nothing else should be relied on in scrofula, cancer, salt rheum, erysipelas, and external injuries. Sold 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

PACIFIC FOUNDRY

—AND—

MACHINE SHOP,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUE TO manufacture, at the above Establishment, every description of

MACHINERY,

AND OF

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.

WE ARE SOLE MAKERS OF

Howland's Patent Rotary Quartz Mill,

Which have now been thoroughly tested in many localities, and are believed to offer many advantages over any other mill now in use. We also manufacture

QUARTZ MILL MACHINERY

of any other description required;

SAW AND FLOUR MILL MACHINERY;

STEAM ENGINES,

Force Pumps, etc., etc.

Quartz Miners can be supplied at short notice with

Screens of any degree of Fineness,

Made from the Best Russia Iron, and in the most perfect manner. We have facilities for furnishing this article to any extent which may be required.

Orders are respectfully solicited for any of the above, or other articles in our line. It is our design to turn out the best work, for which we have facilities at least not inferior to those of any other establishment on the Pacific coast, and at the most reasonable prices.

GODDARD, HANSCOM & RANKIN,
Late Goddard & Co.

San Francisco, August 7th, 1858. no4

For the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, &c., use Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

We regard the Wild Cherry tree as one of nature's own physicians—a sort of Good Samaritan of the Forest—for its "medical gum" has relieved the sufferings and saved the lives of thousands. The Balsam prepared by Dr. Wistar is a pure and perfectly reliable preparation of the real Cherry essence, and it is a remedy by no means "bad to take." We speak confidently and strongly in its praise, from having witnessed its renovating influence in consumptive cases when all other prescriptions had proved of no effect.

Sold by all respectable Druggists.

BE CAUTIOUS, as there are many counterfeits; look well at the signature before purchasing. Take none unless it has the name of "Henry Wistar, M. D., Philadelphia," and "Sandford & Park," engraved on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

PARK & WHITE are the only Agents, to whom all orders should be addressed.

—ALSO—

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS

—OF—

ALL VALUABLE PATENT MEDICINES, WARRANTED GENUINE.

132 Washington street, opposite the Market, San Francisco m27-3m]

PLOWS!

STEEL AND CAST PLOWS

OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES,

BY THE CASE, OR SINGLE PLOW,

among which will be found the

Celebrated Boston Steel Clipper Plows,

ALL SIZES.

Peoria Steel Plow.

ALSO,

THE (PREMIUM) CAST EAGLE PLOWS

ALL SIZES.

SIDE HILL PLOWS.

ALSO—THE

2. B. BOSTON PLOW,

with a large Stock of LAND SIDES; PLOW POINTS; HARROWS; CULTIVATORS; HARROW TEETH; SPADES; SHOVELS; HOES; STEEL RAKES; POTATO FORKS; GRIND STONES; STEEL FORKS; and FARMING IMPLEMENTS generally, all of which are offered for sale at the LOWEST IMPORTERS' PRICES

J. D. ARTHUR,
Agricultural Store, Washington street,
oct7-3mo near Davis street.

THERMOMETER CHURNS—All sizes.
For sale low by
ap8-3m J. D. ARTHUR

STORE AND SHIP TRUCKS—Large size.
For sale by J. D. ARTHUR,
ap8-3m Washington street, near Davis.

PLOW HARNESS—WAGON HARNESS—CART HARNESS—
HAMES AND COLLARS.
A few sets for sale low.
ap8-m2 J. D. ARTHUR.

NICHOLS & RAMAGE,

OF THE

BOSTON CLOTHING STORE,

147 WASHINGTON STREET,

MONTGOMERY BLOCK,

HAVE A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK of CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS, well selected and perfectly adapted to the California Trade and replenished by the arrival of every Steamer, which they are selling at the very lowest rates. Their Stock comprising a variety of styles and prices.

BLK. FROCKS from $7,00 to $30.
BUSINESS COATS from $5,00 to $20.
BUSINESS SUITS from $10 to $30.
RAGLAN OVERCOATS from $5 to $25.
BLK. PANTS from $3,50 to $9.
BUSINESS PANTS from $1,50 to $9.
SILK VESTS from $2,50 to $8.

Their Best Custom made goods are cut and made in the most elegant Style, and no pains are spared in making or trimming, and cannot help but fit and suit the most fastidious. Of Furnishing Goods they have a large and splendid Stock, comprising everything from the very finest Lambs Wool and Cashmere Under Wrappers and Drawers, down to the most economical prices of Grey and White Marino.

NICHOLS & RAMAGE
Are not Selling Off at Cost.
NICHOLS & RAMAGE
Do not have three or four prices.
NICHOLS & RAMAGE
Are ever opposed to any Humbug Cheap John way of doing business, but always sell for small profits, and you can depend on them for Good Clothes, Good Fits and at the most economical prices. Oct. 14.—1 mo.

H. H. BANCROFT & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

SOLE AGENTS ON THE PACIFIC COAST FOR THE Publishers of the leading Text Books now used in our Schools, viz:

Sargent's Series of Readers;
Sargent's Series of Speakers;
Sargent's School Monthly;
Lossing's Pictorial United States;
Dana & Colburn's Arithmetics;
Greene's Grammars;
Warren's Geography;
Mason's Normal School Singer;
Payson, Dunton & Scribner's Penmanship.
Payson, Dunton & Scribner's System of Book-keeping;
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Teachers Supplied at Wholesale Prices.

ALSO,

In constant receipt in heavy quantities direct from the leading Eastern Houses, at greatly REDUCED PRICES:

BOOKS FOR THE FAMILY,
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MEDICAL BOOKS,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
BOOKS FOR LIBRARIES,
LAW BOOKS,
THEOLOGICAL BOOKS
BLANK BOOKS, and
aug. 26] STATIONERY. [3 m

LEE & CARL,

IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected Stock of

LAW, SCHOOL, MEDICAL

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Which we offer to Country Dealers on liberal terms.

We import our Goods from the Publishers and Manufacturers, therefore can sell them at a low figure. Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEE & CARL,
Cor. Montg'y & Merchant sts.,
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NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED PER STEAMER.

BUSHNELL'S Sermons on the New Life;
Narratives of Remarkable Conversions;
Spurgeon's Sermons—1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Series;
Spurgeon's: The Saint and his Saviour;
The New York Pulpit in 1858; Pitts Street Chapel;
Lectures by Clergymen of Six Different Denominations on the Reasons of their Peculiar Belief;
Life and Times of Hugh Miller;
Beecher's Life Thoughts.
Life of General Havelock;
Life of Captain Hammond;
English Hearts and English Hands;
Bonar's Land of Promise;
Hymns of the Church Militant, a choice collection for private use;
Trench's Notes on the Parables;
Parton's Life of Aaron Burr;
Annals of American Pulpit—3d and 4th volumes;
Tongue of Fire: by Wm. Arthur;
Debt and Credit, with a Preface, by Chevalier Bunsen;
The Happy Home: by Kirwan;
A few copies of Stockton's New Testament, &c., &c.

Lately Received—A New Supply of Sunday School Books, from American Sunday School Union and American Tract Society; Edward's Family Bible, with Notes; Edward's Family Test and Psalms.

ON SALE—Taylor's Seven Years' Street Preaching in San Francisco.

ALLEN & SPIER,
au18 148 Clay street.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, CROUP, HOARSNESS, Bronchitis, Pheumonia, Diseases of the Bowels arising from Cold, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief and (if at all possible) cure of patients in advanced stages of the latter disease.

This celebrated preparation, like the Bitters, may be confidently relied on. It is designed for a class of diseases more general and more fatal than any other—those springing from a "slight cold." That eminent authority, Dr. Bell, says: "I will not say that Colds are to our inhabitants what the *Plague* and *Yellow Fever* are to those of other countries; but I can aver confidently that they usher in disease of greater complicity and mortality than these latter."

Do not trifle with your health; but, if suffering from a cough, or cold on the lungs, buy a bottle of HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL, and you may safely count on a cure. Thousands have done so, and have certified to its wonderful effects.

Coughs sometimes proceed from a disordered or dyspeptic state of the stomach, in which case the German Bitters should be used. In cases of weakness, or general debility of the system, resulting from a protracted cough, the German Bitters will be found of great benefit.

Prepared only by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, and for sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

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INDEPENDENT OPPOSITION LINE.

The New Steamboat

PRINCESS,

C. SWAN..Captain,

Built expressly to avoid detention on the "Hog's Back" at the present low stage of water,

WILL LEAVE SLIP FOOT OF WASHINGTON STREET,
(North Side)

FOR SACRAMENTO,

ON

Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays,

AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

And will leave SACRAMENTO, on the return trip, from the FOOT OF J STREET,

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,
AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

The public can be assured, by observing the above days of departure, that they can travel or ship freight at very reduced rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to
COFFEY & RISDON,
Corner of Bush and Market streets, San Francisco
Or to GREEN WILDES, Agent,
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CABINET MAKER,

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Furniture of every Description made to Order.

Repairing and Polishing done in a superior manner.

☞ Families and others desirous of having their Furniture repaired or polished at their residences, can have it done by leaving their orders as above. oct14-3mo

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MERCHANT ST., 65,

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SHIPPING, RESTAURANTS & FAMILIES

Supplied with the Choicest Meats and Vegetables.

Marketing delivered to any part of the City or Harbour, free of charge.

CORNED BEEF BY THE BARREL.

W. H. CODINGTON,

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WASHINGTON STREET.

Fresh Mutton, Pork, Veal, Beef, &c.

Always on hand the best the Market can afford.

Hotels, Restaurants and Families Supplied AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

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MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE

OF DR. ZEILE,

NO. 163 PACIFIC STREET,

ESTABLISHED for the certain and permanent CURE of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, DYSPEPSIA, and SYPHILIS in all its various forms, and all diseases arising from the injudicious use of Mercury; also, all diseases of the Liver or Lungs Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Nervous Debility, Paralysis, etc., etc. The connected

STEAM AND SULPHUR BATHS

Were erected in 1853, at an outlay of upwards of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and in the great popularity they have attained they have fully realized the anticipations of the proprietor, based upon the benefit the Baths have rendered in effecting hundreds of remarkable cures, after all other means had failed, which can be attested by reference to many highly respectable residents of this city.

Invalids to whom it may be desirable, can be accommodated in the establishment with comfortable rooms, board, and the best of attention, and may consult Dr. Zeile on the premises, or remain under the guidance of their own physicians.

☞ The entrance to the BATHS is through the Drug Store dec19

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED

GERMAN BITTERS,

PREPARED BY

Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Phil., Pa.

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or weight in the stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart Choking or suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the Sight, Fever and dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

The proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a ten years' trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac, published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of his Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 96 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PARK & WHITE,
Agents for California, 132 Washington st.,
oct14 3mo San Francisco.

YOUNG LADIES SMINARY—BENICIA.

THE WINTER SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL open on WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of NOVEMBER next, and close on the 6th of APRIL, 1859.

MISS MARY ATKINS.............................Principal.
MRS. A. A. HASKELL....Teacher of the Eng. Branches.
MISS M. M. BRYANT...Teacher in the Eng. Department, Painting and Drawing.
MISS A. E. HEACOCK..Teacher in the Eng. Department, Calisthenics and Embroidery.
MR. P. PIODA.................Professor of the Mordern Languages and Music.
MISS M. E. WOODBBIDGE...Assistant teacher in Music
Sept. 20th–3 m., MISS MARY ATKINS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S LINE

TO PANAMA,

CONNECTING

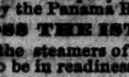
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD,

WITH THE STEAMERS OF THE U. S. MAIL STEAM SHIP CO. AT ASPINWALL,

FOR NEW YORK AND NEW ORLEANS, DIRECT

The Only Reliable and Safe Route.

DEPARTURE FROM FOLSOM STREET WHARF.



THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMSHIP

SONORA,

F. R. BABY,...........................Commander,

Will leave Folsom Street Wharf, with the U. S. Mails Passengers and Treasure, for PANAMA

On Friday, November 5th, 1858,

At 9 o'clock, A. M., punctually.

Passengers by the P. M. S. Co's line are landed on their arrival at Panama upon the wharf at the Railroad terminus, by the Company's steam ferry-boat, and are transported by the Panama Railroad Company, immediately

ACROSS THE ISTHMUS TO ASPINWALL

Where the steamers of the U. S. Mail S. S. Co. are expected to be in readiness to convey them to New York or New Orleans.

The Panama Railroad Company and United States Mail Steamship Company have authorized Agents to sell their Tickets, if desired by holders of Pacific Tickets.

Passengers are notified that all tickets for the steamers of the U. S. Mail S. S. Co. must be presented to their agent at Aspinwall, for registry and exchange, as they will not otherwise be available.

Treasure for shipment will be received on board the steamer until 12 o'clock, midnight,

THURSDAY, NOV. 4TH.

No merchandise freight will be received on board after 8 o'clock P. M. of

NOVEMBER 4TH.

And a written order must be procured at the Company office for its shipment.

For freight or passage, apply to
FORBES & BABCOCK, Agents,
jan28 Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets.

HILLMAN'S

TEMPERANCE HOUSE,

No. 80 and 82 Davis Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

LOCATED near the Steamship and Steamboat Landings, renders it convenient for the traveling public The House is well arranged for Families and single persons.

The reputation of this House is too well known to require comment.

This, the first Temperance House opened in the State of California, is still conducted on the same plan which has given it the enviable name it has so long enjoyed.

The continued support of a liberal traveling public is solicited.

A. SMITH, SUCCESSOR TO
I. HILLMAN,.........................Proprietor.
jy18] [3mo

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

Quotations, it should be understood, are intended to represent the wholesale prices obtainable for entire invoices.

DUTIES.

Custom dues are payable in cash only, and levied *ad valorem*. Unclaimed goods in store are subject to sale by auction at the expiration of one year. The standard ton is 2240 lb.

Anchors.
Per lb — 7 @— 9

Boots and Shoes.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Desirable styles will sell for about 10 @15 ₱ cent advance. See review.

Bread.
DUTY 15 PER CENT. AD VAL.
Pilot ₱ lb — 7 @— 7½
Navy — — @— 6
Crackers, in tins — 8½@— 12
Cakes, asstd tins — 9 @— 13
Cal Soda Biscuit — 10 @— 11
Cal Sugar Biscuit — 12 @— 13

Beeswax.
DUTY 15 PER CENT. AD VAL.
White ₱ lb — — @— 70
Yellow — — @— 50

Candles.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Sperm ₱ lb — 45 @— —
do Patent — — @— 60
French — — @— 30
German — — @— 25
Adamantine — 23½@— 25½

Cigars.
DUTY 30 PER CENT.
Desirable Havana will sell for a fair advance.
Am Im Havana 10 — @— 20
German do do 6 — @— —
Man Cher No 1 — — @— —
do No 2 — — @17 —
do No 3 — — @— —

Coffee.
Duty free when imported from place of growth in all vessels except those of Spain and Portugal, in which case it is 15 ₱ cent., and also free when imported in vessels of those nations from their own colonies.
Java, white ₱ lb None.
Java, green — — @— 15
Manila None.
Costa Rica — — @— 15
Rio — 12½@— —

Cordage.
DUTY 19 PER CENT.
Manila, Am made — — @— 11½
Manila, S. F. Manufacturing Co. jobbing at — — @— 11
Tarred Cordage — 9¼@— 10
Bale Rope — — @— 12
Bolt Rope — — @— 12
Cotton Twine — — @— 24
Flax & H Twine — — @— 27½

Coal.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Lackawana ₱ ton — — @15 50
Lehigh None.
Cardiff — — @14 —
Scotch None.
West Hartley 15 — @16 —
Liverpool 13 50 @14 —
Brymbo None.
Sydney — — @11 50
Cumberland — — @25 —
Vancouver Island — — @11 —
Oregon — — @10 —
Chile — — @12 —

Crockery.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Well assorted invoices selling for 15@20 ₱ cent. advance on cost and charges.

Dry Goods.
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.
Heavy Brown 3-4 — 9 @— 9¼
do do 4-4 — — @— 11
do do 5-4 — — @— 12½
Bleached Long Cloths, medium quality, 7-8 — — @— 8½
Do do 4-4 — 8 @— 12
Do do medm qlty 5-4 book fold — — @— 14
Do 8-4 do — — @— 27
Do 10-4 do — — @— 30
DRILLING.
Heavy Brown, 30 inches — — @— 11
Bleached 28 inch — — @— 10
COTTON DUCK.
Nos. 1 to 5 — 25 @— —
Nos. 6 to 10 — 21 @— —
Twld Ravens, 28 in — — @— 14
Methuen — — @— 15
Flax Canvas, Nos. 1 to 6 ₱ bolt — — @ 8 87½
TICKINGS.
Ex heavy 30 in — 12½@— —
Medium, 30 in — 10 @— 12
OSNABURGS.
Plain 30 in No sale.
Twilled 24 in No sale.
Plain 24 in No sale.
DENIMS.
30 inch — 11 @— 12
DIAPERS.
Scotch 11 yd pieces fine 1 35 @ 1 50
Do do medium 1 — @ 1 25
Russian Crash, medium ₱ yd — — @— 10
PRINTS.
Merrimac Blues — — @— 10½
do Fancy — — @— 11
Shirting, plates & stripes — — @— 9¼
Cocheco Fancy — 10 @— 10½
Rich Ameren chintz styles fast colors — 9 @— 12½
Do do blue and orange fast colors — — @— 9
Do do English fancy do — 12½@— —
Do do French 4-4 — 15 @— 20
LINENS.
Table Damask, ₱ yard — 37½@— 75
Sheetings, 10-4 to 12-4 — 65 @— 96
Table Covers 7-4 to 12-4 1 — @ 2 50
Blankets selling for 25 ₱ cent advance on invoice.
Carpeting 25 ₱ cent advance.
HOSIERY.
White and colored Cotton Hose, ₱ dozen 1 25 @ 3 —
Woolen half Hose 1 75 @ 3 —
Wool, country knit 2 75 @ 4 —
Cotton 1 — @ 1 37½
Merino 2 — @ 4 —
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
Good styles, and Millinery Goods pay 5 to 12½ ₱ cent. on invoice advance on New York cost.
CLOTHING.
Grey Overshirts ₱ doz 14 — @16 —
Blue and Red do 12 — @14 —
Hickory Shirts 5 — @ 6 —
Check Linen do 5 — @10 —
Enfield Mixed Undershirts and Drawers — — @ 8 50
Satinett Pants 18 — @27 —
Cassimere do 30 — @54 —
Overalls — — @ 5 00
Reefing Jackets 2 50 @ 3 75
Goodyear's Black Rubber Coats 3 50 @ 4 50
Do White do 5 — @ 5 50
Do Slate Colors 2 — @ 2 50
Do Rubber Pants 2 — @ 2 25

Drugs.
Market generally supplied by importations to the regular trade.
Alum — — @— 3
Balsam Copaiba — 90 @— —
Bi-Carbonate of Soda ₱ lb — — @— 5½
Borax, refined — — @— 24
Brimstone, American roll — @— —
Brimstone, Flor Sulphur — 5½@— 6
Cream Tartar pure — — @— 45
Castor Oil. E I. refined 1 30 @ 1 40
Epsom Salts — — @— 4
Hydro Potass — 5 @— 5½
Opium Turkey — — @ 5 50
Opium, China — — @15 —
Oil Annis 5 50 @ 6 —
Quicksilver — — @— 65
Sal Soda, Am and English — — @4½ —
Sulphate Quinine, ₱ oz — — @ 1 75
Tart Acid, ₱ lb — — @— 80
Annatto — 35 @— 40
Copperas — 2 @— 3
Sugar of Lead — — @— 18
Sulphuric Acid — 7 @— 8
Saltpetre, E. I. refined — — @— 12½
Nitric Acid — 18 @— —
Corks ₱ 1000 1 75 @ 2 50

Fish.
Duty on Foreign Caught 15 ₱ cent.
Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ hfbbl 15 25 @— —
Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ kitt — — @ 3 75
Mackerel, No. 2, ₱ hfbbl — — @— —
Salmon, Oregon pickled ₱ bbl 11 — @12 —
Salmon, Puget's Sound 11 — @12 —
Salmon, Smoked, ₱ lb — — @— —
Cod, Dry, ₱ lb — 8 @— —

Flour and Meal.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Gallego, ₱ bbl 12 — @— —
Haxall 12 — @— —
Oregon — — @— —
California 8 50 @ 9 75
Corn Meal, pun 24 — @— —
Corn Meal, bbls 6 — @— —
Corn Meal, hf bbls 3 — @— —

French Conserves and Liqueurs.
Brandy Fruits, ₱ case 6 — @— —
Fruits in Syrup — — @10 —
Absynthe, Pernod's ₱ doz — — @12 50
Do Berger's — — @12 —
Do other brands 6 50 @10 —
Vermouth com'on 6 — @ 7 —
Vermouth Noilly 8 — @— —
Curaçoa 9 — @— —
Kirchwasser 8 — @— —
Muscatel — — @ 3 25
White Wine Vinegar — — @— 57½

Fruits and Preserves.
DUTY: Oranges, Lemons, and Green Fruit, 8; Nuts of all kinds, and Grapes, not dried, 24; Preserved Fruit or Sweetmeat, 15@30; Dry Fruit of all kinds, 8 ₱ cent. ad val.
Apples, dried, in casks — — @— —
Apples, dried, in hlf bbls — 11½@— 12
Apples, dried, in kegs, choice — 12 @— —
Peaches, Chile, dried ₱ lb — 20 @— 22
Peaches, Am dried in kegs — — @— —
Figs, Smyrna ₱ lb choice — 15 @— 16
Prunes, Bordeaux — 18 @— [illegible]
Currants, Zante — — @— 12½
Citron — — @— 25
Raisins, bunch, ₱ box 3 75 @— —
Raisins, layer do 4 — @— —
Almonds ₱ lb — — @— —
Almonds, Soft Shelled — 22 @— —
Chile Walnuts — 9 @— 9½
Filberts — — @— —
Pea Nuts, southern — 8 @— 8
Pecan Nuts — 13 @— —
Ginger, Preserved, ₱ case 5 — @— —
Brandy Fruits, qts — — @ 3 75
Brandy Fruits, half gal 4 — @— —
Assorted Pie Fruits qts 4 — @ 4 25
Fresh Raspberries, 2lb tin — — @— —
Fresh Blackberries — — @— —
Fresh Whortleberries — — @— —
Fresh Strawberries — — @ 6 00
Fresh Gooseberries — — @— —
Fresh Cherries — — @— —
Fresh Peaches 6 50 @— —
Fresh Quinces — — @— —
Fresh Apples — — @ 3 75
Fresh Pears — — @— —
Fresh Cranberries, kegs, ₱ gal — 62½@— —
Currant Jelly, qts glass 7 00 @— —
Jellies assorted, 2lb tins 7 — @— —
Raspberry Jam 7 — @— —
Blackberry Jam 7 — @— —
Strawberry Jam 7 — @— —
Honey, 2lb tins 5 — @— —
Fresh Tomatoes 2 50 @— —
Green Corn — — @ 4 75
Green Peas 4 75 @— —
Oysters 4 25 @ 7 —
Clams, 2lb tins — — @ 4 50
Lobster 4 75 @— —
Lobster, 1lb tins 2 50 @— —
Turkey, 2lb tins — — @ 7 —
Chicken — — @ 7 —
Sardines, hf bxs — — @ 3 37½
Sardines, qr bxs — — @ 2 37½
Gherkins, qts — — @— —
Gherkins, hf gal 4 — @— —
Cucumbers, kegs, ₱ gall — 45 @— —

Furniture.
Eastern cost to cost and charges.

Glassware.
DUTY: Cylinder and Crown, 15 per cent.
The agents of Eastern manufacturers are making limited sales at regular list prices.

Grain.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Corn, California, ₱ lb — — @— 2½
Corn, Mexican — — @— 2½
Oats, California 1 40 @ 1 55
Barley, Old — — @— —
Do New 1 15 @ 1 25
Wheat, California — 2½@— 3½
Wheat, Oregon — — @— —
Peas, Split — 5½@— 6
Beans, American White — 1 @— 1½
California White 2 — @— 2½
Beans, Chile Bayos, old — — @— —
Do California do — 2½@— 2½

Gunny Bags.
In bales, each — — @— 14
In bundles — — @— —

Grindstones.
Per cwt 2 50 @— —

Gunpowder.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
American Blasting Dupont's, ₱ keg — — @ 3 50
Do do Hazard — — @ 3 50
Do do Whipple's — — @ 3 50
English Blasting — — @— —
American Canister Hazard's ₱ lb — — @— 35
Do do Dupont's — — @— 35
Do do Whipple's None.
English Canister — — @— 35

Hops.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
First sort, ₱ lb — — @— 50
Second sort — — @— 20

Hardware.
Collins' Axes ₱ dz 13 50 @— —
Do handled — — @16 —
Axe Handles 1 — @ 3 50
Pick Handles 2 75 @ 3 —
Long Hndld Shovels branded light 12 — @— —
Nails, Cut ₱ lb — 4½@— —
do Wrought — — @— —

Hay.
California ₱ ton 13 — @16 —

Leather.
DUTY: Sole 15; other kinds 19 ₱ cent.
Sole Leather, Oak tanned ₱ lb — — @— 45
Do do hemlock tanned — — @— 40
Harness Leather — — @— 40
Skirting do — — @— 40
Wax Upper Leather, ₱ side 4 — @ 4 50
Calf Skins, heavy, ₱ lb 1 — @ 1 12
Do do light 1 — @ 1 12½
Sheep Skins ₱ doz 4 — @ 7 —

Lime and Cement.
DUTY: Lime 8 ₱ cent., Cement 15 ₱ cent.
California, first quality 2 — @ 2 25
Cement, Rosendale 4 25 @— —
Cement, Roman None.

Lumber.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Humboldt assorted ₱ M 22 — @22 50
Puget Sound, do 22 — @22 50
Redwood Boards 22 — @24 —
Redwood Flooring 25 — @28 —
Port Orford Cedar — — @— —
Eastern Lumber 35 — @50 —
Do oak, hickory and ash plank 60 — @115 —
Joist, Floor 31 50 @— —
Shingles, Eastern, best — — @— —
Shingles, Redwood 3 50 @ 4 50
Redwood Siding, dressed 26 50 @27 —
Do do rough — — @25 —
Laths, Eastern — — @— —
Laths, California — — @ 3 50
Doors and Sashes 19 ₱ cent. advance

Molasses and Syrups.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
N. Orleans Molasses in bbls, ₱ gal None.
Sandwich Islands do do — — @— 30
East Boston Syrup in 5 gal kegs — — @— 70
Do do in 8 gal kegs — — @— 62½
Do in 14 gall kegs None.
Seth Adams 5 gal kegs — — @— 70
Do 8 gal kegs — — @— —
San Francisco Sugar House, 5 gall kegs — — @— 70
Sandwich Islands do — — @— 40

Malt Liquors.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
J & R Tennent's bottled Ale, ₱ doz 3 12½@ 3 25
Do do Stout 3 12½@ 3 25
Younger's Edinburgh Ale 3 12½@ 3 25
Do Stout — — @ 3 12½
Do Imperial Ale in stone jugs 4 — @ 4 25
Dunphy & Co's Guinness Dublin Stout — — @ 3 25
D Dunbar's bottled Ale 3 12½@ 3 25
Do do Stout 3 12½@ 3 25
Bowley's Ale 3 12½@— —
Jeffrey & Co's Ale, in stone jugs — — @ 4 25
Muir & Son's Edinburgh Ale, stone bottles — — @ 4 25
Do do in pints — — @ 2 87½
Clark & Bengough's Truman's Stout — — @ 3 12½
Friends' Allsopp's bottled Ale 3 12½@— —
Byass' do Ale — — @ 3 12½
Morice, Cox & Co's Stout 3 12½@ 3 25
Do Ale 3 12½@ 3 25
A Berwick & Co's Ale 3 12½@ 3 25
Bridges' Stout 3 12½@ 3 25
American Ale, in cases — — @ 3 25
Do Porter — — @ 3 25
ENGLISH CASK BEER.
J R Tennent's Ale ₱ hhd 45 — @47 50
Do Stout do 35 — @40 —
Younger's Ale — — @45 —
Do Porter 32 50 @35 —
J C Wood & Co's Ale, Artillery Brand, Westminster Brewery 45 — @47 50
John Jeffrey's Edinburgh Ale 45 — @47 5
Salt's Ale do 45 — @47 50
Reader, Howard & Co's Stout None.
Allsopp's Ale do 47 — @— —
Truman's Stout None.
Do XX do None.
Barclay & Perkin's Ale do — — @— —
Do do Stout do 32 — @35 —
Watkins' Dublin Stout 37 50 @40 —
Abbott's Ale do 30 — @— —
A Berwick & Co's Ale do — — @45 —
Burton Brewery Co's No 3 Ale 35 — @37 50
Do Stout do — — @— —
Bass' Ale — — @47 50
Muir & Son's Edinburgh strong Ale — — @47 50
AMERICAN.
Eastern ₱ bbl — — @12 —
Fairb'ks & Beard's Ale and Porter ₱ doz — — @ 3 25
Lyon & Company's California Ale ₱ bbl — — @16 —

Matches.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Round wood, large cases, ₱ gross — 75 @— —
Do. in tins — 95 @— —

Matting.
DUTY 19 PER CENT.
China 4-4, check — — @ 9 50
China 5-4 — — @10 50
China 6-4 — — @11 50

Metals.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
IRON.
Scotch and English Pig ₱ ton — — @35 —
Am Pig ₱ ton — — @33 —
Refined Bar, bad assortment, ₱ lb — — @— 3
Refined Bar, good assortment, ₱ lb — — @— 3½
Plate No 5 to 8 — 4 @— 5
Sheet No 10 to 13 — 5 @— —
Sheet No 14 to 20 — 5 @— —
Sheet No 24 to 27 — 6 @— —
COPPER.
DUTY: Bolt and Braziers', 15; Pig, Bar, Old and Sheathing, Free.
Sheathing ₱ lb — 35 @— 36
Sheathing, Old — 12½@— —
Sheathing, Yell — 26 @— 27
Do Old Yell — — @— 10½
Bolts — — @— —
Composition Nails — — @— 30
TIN PLATES.
Plates, Charcoal IX ₱ box — — @14 —
Plates, I C Charcoal — — @12 —
Coke — — @11 —
Roofing Plates — — @11 —
Banca Tin slabs, ₱ lb — 35 @— 40
STEEL.
DUTY: Cast, Shear, and German 12 ₱ cent; other kinds, in bars 15 ₱ cent.
English Cast Steel — — @— 17
QUICKSILVER.
Per lb — — @— 65
ZINC.
DUTY: Sheets 12 per cent.
Sheets ₱ lb — — @— 10
LEAD.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Pig ₱ lb — — @— 8½
Sheet — — @— 9
Pipe — — @— 10
Bar — — @— 9½

Naval Stores.
DUTY: Oakum free; other kinds 15 per cent.
Pitch ₱ bbl — — @ 6 —
Tar, American, ₱ bbl — — @ 6 —
Rosin — — @ 3 50
Varnish, bright — — @10 —
Varnish, Copal, ₱ gal 3 — @— —
Spirits Turpentine, ₱ gal — 82½@— 85
Chains and Cables ₱ lb — — @— 6
Oars and Sweeps, ₱ foot — 9 @— 11
Invoices of Shelf Ship Chandlery about prime cost.
Oakum, Navy, ₱ lb — 9 @— 9½
Do superior — 8½@— 9

Oil.
DUTY: Sperm, Whale, and other Fish Oils of foreign Fisheries, Neatsfoot, Linseed, Hempseed and Rapeseed, 15 per cent.; Olive in casks, bottles or flasks 24 ₱ cent; Palm 4 per cent.
Olive, common, in bottles, ₱ doz 3 62½@— —
Do Durand's — — @ 4 25
Do Plagniol — — @ 4 50
Do Possel — — @ 4 25
Linseed, boiled 1 02½@ 1 07½
Sperm, crude 1 25 @— —
Coast Whale — 45 @— 48
Sperm, bleached — — @ 1 75
Polar, crude — 50 @— —
Polar, refined — — @— —
China Tea — — @— —
Do Nut 1 40 @ 1 65
Lard 1 30 @— —

Paints.
DUTY: Chalk, 5; White and Red Lead, Whiting, Litharge, Vermilion, etc, 15; Spanish Brown and Ochre, 24 ₱ cent.
Lead, Red, American ₱ lb — — @— 10
Lead, White, Am. pure, in oil — — @— 9½
Ochre, Yellow, Fr. dry — 2½@— —
Ochre, ground — 6 @— 7
Spanish Brown No sale.
Spanish Brown gnd in Oil — 4 @— —
Whiting — — @— 1½
Vermillion, Chinese — — @ 1 50
Litharge — 8 @— 10
Venetian Red — 4 @— —
Chalk — — @— 1
VARNISHES.
Elastic Carriage 7 — @— —
Best Wearing 8 — @— —
Fine Copal — — @ 4 50
Best Oak 4 — @ 4 50
American 1 50 @ 3 —
Tabor & Trego's London None.

Provisions.
DUTY: Beef, Pork, Ham and Bacon, Butter and Lard, 15 ₱ ct Cheese 24 ₱ cent.
Beef, Mess ₱ bbl 20 — @21 —
Beef, extra Mess, hf bbls 11 50 @12 —
Pork, Clear ₱ bbl 28 — @— —
Pork, Clear, hf bbl — — @15 —
Pork, Mess, bbl 26 — @— —
Pork, Mess, hf bbl — — @14 —
Pork, Prime, bbl — — @17 —
Pork, Oregon, Mess — — @— —
Hams, Billings — — @— 22
Hams, in brine — 17½@— 18
Hams, Oregon None.
Bacon, sides, clear None.
Bacon, sides, extra clear — 17 @— 17½
Bacon, Oregon None.
Beef Tongues ₱ hf bbl — — @— —
Butter, choice — 34 @— 36
Butter, fair to prime — 28 @— 32½
Butter, inferior — 15 @— 18
Butter California — 50 @— 70
Butter, Oregon None.
Lard 10lb tins — 15½@— 16
Lard, kegs, choice ₱ lb — — @— 15
Lard, Oregon None.
Cheese, choice — — @— 15

Potatoes.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
California ₱ lb — ½@— 1
Sweet None.

Pulu.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Sandwich Isl ₱ lb — 13 @— 15

Rice.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Carolina, casks ₱ lb — 6½@— 6½
China No 1 None.
China No 2 — — @— 4½
Siam white uncl'd — — @— 4½
Siam Cargo do — — @— 4
Patna No 1 do — 4½@— —
Batavia No 1 do — — @— 4
Do inferior do — 2½@— 3
Manila No 1 do — — @— 4
Manila No 2 do — 2½@— 2½

Salt.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Fine, 20lb bags — 35 @— —
Fine, 10lb bags — 22 @— —
Fine, 5lb bags — 15 @— —
California ground, in 5lb bags — 15 @— —
Liverpool Coarse, ₱ ton None.
Do Stoved None.

Sauces, &c.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Worcestershire Sauce, pts 6 — @— —
Do do hf pts 3 75 @— —
Tomato Catsup, pts — — @ 1 —
Do do qts — — @ 1 25
Pepper Sauce, pts — — @ 1 12½
Capers pts — — @— —
Stoughton Bitters, ₱ doz, qts 3 — @ 3 50
Do do pts do 1 50 @ 2 —
Boker's Bitters — — @ 7 50
Assorted Sauces, pints 1 25 @ 1 50

Starch.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Kingsford's — — @— 8
Colgate's — — @— 7½

Shot.
DUTY 15 PER CENT.
Assorted ₱ bag — — @ 1 87½

Soap.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Castile ₱ lb — 30 @— —
Hill's pale No 1 — — @— 8
C L Jones' & Co's extra — — @— 8
Do No 1 — — @— 7½
Chemical Olive — 7 @— 9
Brown, in small boxes — 4 @— —
Marseilles — 12 @— 13
English Yellow — 5 @— 6
Do White — 5 @— —

Spirits.
DUTY, ALL KINDS 30 PER CENT
Alcohol in bbls — 65 @— 67
Do in tin — — @— 85
BRANDY.
Jules Robin & Co's Cognac — — @ 5 25
A. C. Godard & Co's — — @ 5 75
United V. Proprietors, Cognac — — @ 4 62
United Proprietors Rochelle 3 — @— —
Pinet, Castillon & Co — — @ 5 25
A Bonnet & Co's Cognac 4 50 @ 4 75
Vignerons Unis Rochelle 3 — @— —
Louis Leberton Cognac — — @ 4 75
Bisquit, Tricoche & Co — — @ 4 75
Marette & Co — — @ 4 50
Pellevoisin 3 — @— —
Sazerac — — @ 5 12½
A Seignette — — @ 3 —
G V Bernard & Co's La Rochelle 3 — @— —
Bordeaux — — @ 2 25
Freeman & Simpson's Philadel'a Mixed — — @— 75
American, octaves — 49 @— 51
GIN.
Old Tom — — @ 1 55
Do Swaine, Boord & Co's — — @ 1 60
New York — — @— 50
Woolfe's Scheidam Schnapps — — @ 6 25
Booth & Sedgwick — — @ 5 50
Voldner's do — — @ 5 50
Charles' London Cordial — — @ 5 50
Rynbende's Steamboat — — @ 1 —
Swan — — @ 1 —
Grape — — @ 1 —
Grape Leaf — — @— 95
Hour Glass — — @ 1 —
Crown — — @— 95
Other b'ds Holland — 87½@— 97½
WHISKY.
Scotch — — @ 1 25
Irish — — @ 1 25
Freeman & Simpson's Magnolia — — @ 1 —
Amer low proof — — @— 50
Do high proof ₱ gal — — @— 60
Do California — — @— —
PURE SPIRITS.
American — 45 @— 50
RUM.
New England 1 40 @ 1 60
Jamaica 1 40 @ 3 —
CIDER.
Bancroft's — — @ 4 —
Fairbanks & Beard's — — @ 3 25

Sugar.
DUTY 24 PER CENT.
Boston crushed ₱ lb — — @— 14
New York do — — @— 14
San Fran'sco do (A) — — @— 14½
Do do (B) — — @— 14
Do Powdered — — @— 15
Do soft crshed. A — — @— 14
Do do B — — @— —
Do Refined Loaf — — @— 15
Do Yellow — — @— 12½
China, first quality — 11½@— 11½
Do second do — 11 @— 11½
Do third do — — @— —
Ping Fa None.
Manila, first qual None.
Do second do None.
Do third do None.
Batavian, Nos 12@20 — — @— —
Do No 16 — — @— 11½
Do Nos 12@15 — — @— —
Sandwich Island — 9 @— 12
New Orleans yel — 12½@— —
W. I. Muscovado — 12 @— 12½

Spices.
Mustard, Am in lb glass ₱ doz — — @— —
Do English do — — @— —
French 1 12½@ 1 25
Nutmegs, whole ₱ lb — — @— 75
Mace — — @— —
Assorted invoices, ground, in glass, selling for 15 per cent loss.
Cassia ₱ lb — — @— 45
Pepper Grain — — @— 13
Saleratus, lb glass ₱ doz — — @— 62½
Do bulk ₱ lb — 5 @— 5½
Yeast Powders, Preston & Merrill's, in lb tins, ₱ gross — — @— 30

Teas.
Duty in American vessels, from the place of growth, free, otherwise 15 ₱ cent.
GREEN.
Young Hyson, Gunpowder & Imperial, Canton made cases, 1 lb canisters — — @— 35
Do 2 lb canisters — 22 @— 22½
Do boxes — 23 @— 25
Young Hyson, Country md bxs — 45 @— 65
Country pkd Gunpowder and Imperial, hlf chests and boxes — 45 @— 70
Hyson do — 45 @— 70
Young Hyson do — 45 @— 75
BLACK.
Oolong, hlf chests and boxes, ½ and ¼ lb papers — 35 @— 60
Pouchong do — 32½@— 50
Souchong do — 32½@— 55
Congou, in bulk — 35 @— —

Tobacco.
Half lbs, favorite brands ₱ lb — 35 @— 40
Do outside do — 25 @— 30
Do common do — 25 @— 30
Pounds, bright natural leaf — 35 @— 45
Goodwin's smoki'g ₱ gross — — @ 2 75
Watson's do — — @ 2 50
Anderson's solace Chewing — — @ 6 —
Goodwin's N Y do — — @— 55
Bright natural leaf fancy packed — 50 @— 75
Do ordinary — 30 @— 60
Kentucky Leaf — 18 @— 19
Goodwin's Smking — — @ 3 25

Wines.
Duty, all kinds, 30 ₱ ct. ad valorem.
Madeira, in wood, per gal — 75 @ 3 —
Do in glass ₱ doz. 3 — @ 9 —
Sherry, in wood, ₱ gal 1 50 @ 3 —
Do Burdon — — @ 1 50
Do in glass ₱ doz. 5 — @10 —
Mousley & Co's brands Sherry in wood ₱ gal 2 50 @ 5 50
Evans & Co do 1 — @ 2 50
Port, wood, ₱ gal 1 50 @ 3 50
Do glass ₱ doz 5 50 @ 8 —
Burgundy Port — — @ 1 25
Claret, Bordeaux, ₱ cask 42 50 @44 —
Do Marseilles None.
Do ₱ case 1 75 @ 3 50
Sauterne — — @ 6 —
Do ₱ cask — — @45 —
Heidsieck 14 50 @15 75
Cordon Royal — — @12 50
G H Mumm & Co's genuine 14 — @15 —
Sparkling Calafo's — — @15 —
Jacqueson — — @14 —
Schreider, Anchor 15 — @16 —
Ordinary 7 50 @ 9 —

Wool.
Native Cal ₱ lb — 6 @— 8
American — 10 @— 12

Wooden Ware, &c.
3 hooped Pails, patent, painted, ₱ doz — — @ 3 —
Nests Tubs do — — @ 3 25

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oct7. A. ROMAN.

Guizot upon Lafayette.

M. Guizot's memoirs, recently published, contain the following notice of Lafayette:

"I cannot think of M. de Lafayette without a feeling of melancholy affection. I never knew a character more generous, more kind for all, a greater friend of justice, one readier to risk all for his faith and his cause. His kindness, although not marked toward individuals, was none the less true and profound for humanity in general. His courage and devotion were ready and serious, under appearance of a contrary character, and of as good alloy as good grace. He has had, in his life, a constancy of sentiments and of ideas, and days of vigorous resolution, which would do honor to the firmest friends of honor and of resistance. But he lacked political judgment, discernment in the appreciation of circumstances and of men, and he had a *laissez allez* on his own declivity, a carelessness on the probable results of his actions, a permanent and indistinct need of popular favor, which made him float much beyond his intentions, and threw him often into influences of an inferior order, often even into influences as contrary to his moral nature as to his situation. Republican in his soul, without daring either to brave or proclaim the republic, he rejected as obstinately as vainly the return of royalty, and before the Chamber of 1815, irritated without being alarmed, he engaged himself there to remain as long as the Restoration lasted, in the ranks of his enemies. From 1820 to 1828, he was not the real chief, but the instrument and the *ornament* of all the secret societies, of all the projects of revolution, even of those of which, had they succeeded, he would have disavowed and combatted the results."

They Say.

From Sargent's Monthly we take the following instructive dialogue, which is very applicable to a great many persons in the world. Profit by it:

Mr. Tattle. You are a stranger in these parts, I reckon, mister.

Mr. Rollins. What makes you think so?

Mr. T. Well, you kind of stared about you as you got out of the cars, as if the place did not look familiar.

Mr. R. Do you know a Mrs. Rollins in this town?

Mr. T. Is it she that lives in the brown cottage on the hill yonder?

Mr. R. The same.

Mr. T. Well, I can't say I visit her, but I can tell you all about her. Poor woman!

Mr. R. Why do you say that? Is anything the matter with her?

Mr. T. She has had a hard time of it. Poor young thing! A month after her marriage, and just as she had got fixed there in the cottage, her scamp of a husband ran off to California.

Mr. R. Scamp of a husband! Ran off! (Indignant.) What do you mean sir? (Checking himself.) Excuse me. What did he run off for?

Mr. T. For robbing a bank. So they say.

Mr. R. Who say?

Mr. T. They say.

Mr. R. Who are they?

Mr. T. The world generally. Everybody says. People say.

Mr. R. Can you name a single person besides yourself who says it?

Mr. T. Really, so many people say it that I cannot think of any one in particular.

Mr. R. Perhaps I will quicken your memory by and by. But what of Mrs. Rollins?

Mr. T. She's on the point of being married again. So they say.

Mr. R. Indeed! To whom?

Mr. T. To a Mr. Edward Edwards.

Mr. R. (aside.) Her own brother. (Aloud.) Are you sure of this?

Mr. T. O, yes! He has been residing in the house with her. They take romantic walks together. The wedding is to take place immediately. So they say.

Mr. R. Who say?

Mr. T. Well, I told you. They say. What would you have more.

Mr. R. Who are they?

Mr. T. How should I know? You are the most unreasonable man I ever met with. I say they say, and you ask who say? As if any better reason could be given!

Mr. R. Did they say ever say that you were a meddling, prying, gossiping, impertinent, mischievous, unscrupulous, malicious retailer of absurd slanders?

Mr. T. What do you mean, sir, by such language; I'll have you arrested. Lawyer Fleeceum is my particular friend. If there was only a witness at hand, sir, I'd make you pay a pretty sum for this. Keep your hands off, sir! No matter, sir; kick me—kick me! I see a witness yonder. I'll have you arrested for assault and battery. Kick me, if you like.

Mr. R. I shall not indulge you so far.—But take warning, sir, how you quote Mr. They Say for your scandalous reports. Old They Say is a liar and a coward.

Mr. T. That's libelous, sir. I wish I knew your name.

Mr. R. My name is Rollins, and that cottage on the hill, there, is mine.

Mr. T. Wheugh! You Mr. Rollins?

Mr. R. The same.

Mr. T. Didn't you once rob a bank?

Mr. R. I once plucked a rose from a bank in a friend's garden, whereupon another friend playfully remarked that he had caught me robbing a bank. Some Irish laborers heard him say it, and many have misunderstood it. This, probably, is the foundation of your story.

Mr. T. But isn't your wife going to be married? Dosen't she walk out every day with a young man?

Mr. R. That young man is her poor, consumptive brother, who has come here for a change of air. Let me advise you, friend They Say, to look before you leap, another time.

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SUGAR.—Loaf, Crushed and powdered in bbls., half bbls., boxes, and by the pound; Do. Yellow Refined, Coffee Crushed, China, and Sandwich Island.
SYRUP.—East Boston, San Francisco Sugar House, and Golden Syrup, by the barrel, keg of eight gallons, five gallons, or by the single gallon; Do. Sandwich Island Molasses.
TEA.—Fine Young Hyson, Common ditto, Fine Gunpowder and Imperial, Extra Superior Hyson, Ooloong, Souchong, Pouchong, Congo, and Breakfast Teas. N. B. Black Teas in great variety, to suit all tastes, the price being no guide as to the choice of different tea drinkers.

Provisions.

Beans,	Flour, Superfine and Extra,
Beef, Smoked,	do. Buckwheat,
Bacon,	Farina and Arrow Root,
Butter, California fresh in rolls or tins,	Hams, Billing's & Barbers,
Butter, Goshen, in tubs or firkins,	Herrings, in tins,
Cracked Wheat,	Hominy, coarse and fine,
Codfish,	Lard,
Crackers, Soda, Sugar, Pic-Nic, and Ginger,	Maccaroni,
Farina Crackers and Jenny Lind Cakes,	Mince Meat in Jars,
Corn Meal,	Mackerel, in 1-2 bbls. or kitts,
Corn Starch,	Oat Meal,
Cheese, of New York or California,	Peas, Split,
do. Swiss or Sap Sago,	Pork, Pearl Barley,
Eggs,	Rice, whole or ground,
	Salt, in boxes or bags,
	Sago,
	Tapioca,
	Tongues, Smoked,
	Vermicelli.

Fruits, etc.

Apple, dried,	Jams and Jellies, all kinds of English and American; pints and quarts of glass, and 1-lb. and 2-lb. tins and pots,
do. fresh in cans or bottles,	Lemon and Orange Peel,
Almonds,	Limes,
Assorted French preserved fruits	Pie Fruits, assorted, by the bottle or dozen bottles, English or American,
Assorted American do	Prunes, in fancy boxes or by the pound,
Barberry Sauce,	Quinces, Preserved,
Cherries, preserved or fresh in cans or bottles,	Pine Apple, in tin,
Citron, dried or preserved,	Raisins, Malaga or Sultana,
Currants, Zante,	Raspberries and Raspberry Jam,
do. Pie Fruit,	Strawberries, Jelly and Jam,
Currant Jelly, English and American,	Tamarinds, in glass,
Chow Chow,	Tomatoes,
Chinese Preserved Ginger,	Whortleberries,
Canary Seed,	Walnuts.
Dried Peaches, New York and Chile,	
Figs,	
Honey, in cans,	

Spices, etc.

Allspice, whole or ground,	Irish Moss,
Broma,	Isinglass,
Currie Powder,	Mustard, French in oil,
Cayenne Pepper,	do English, dry,
Caraway Seed,	do California, do.
Cream Tartar,	Mace, whole or ground,
Cloves, whole or ground,	Nutmeg, whole or ground,
Cinnamon, whole or ground,	Olive Oil,
Chocolate, Prepared Cocoa, Cocoa Shells, Cracked Cocoa,	Pepper, whole or ground,
Burnett's and Preston & Merrill's flavoring Extracts of Lemon Rose, Vanilla, Celery, Nutmeg, Peach, Orange, &c.	Saleratus,
Ginger, Gelatine,	Sage, Thyme and Majoram,
Hops,	Super Carbonate Soda,
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	Yeast Powder, Donnolly's, Preston & Merrill's and Andrews',

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Anchovies,	various other brands,
Capers,	Pickled Cucumbers, English, American and Californian,
Catsup, Tomato, Walnut and Mushroom,	Potted Tongue, Hams, &c., by Batty & Co.,
Corn, in cans,	Pepper Sauce,
Clams, do.	Sardines, Tomatoes,
Chicken, do.	Vinegar, pure Cider,
English Pickles, Mixed Vegetables, Cauliflower, Onions, Walnuts and Piccalilly,	do imitation do.
Lime Juice,	do from pure Los Angeles Wine,
Lobster, do	do from English Malt for table.
Olives, French and Spanish,	
Oysters, Fields', Kensitt's and	

Oils, Candles, etc.

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Baskets, Boards, wash,	Mincing Knives,
Boxes in nests for house stores,	Mats,
Blacking, for stoves or boots,	Preserve Jars,
Bread Boards,	Potato Mashers,
Bread Bowls,	Rolling Pins,
Butter Prints,	Soap, Chemical Olive, California Brown, Eastern Pale and Brown, English White, Castile and Windsor,
Bath Brick,	Starch, California, Kingsford's Silver Gloss and Glenfield,
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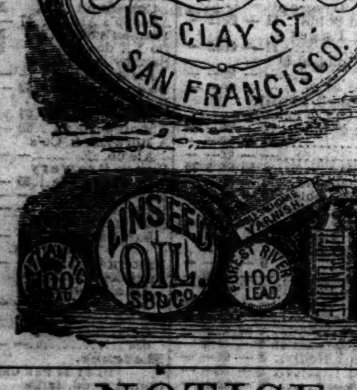

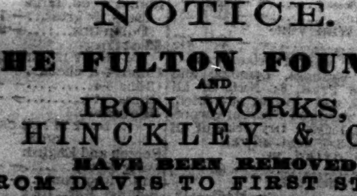

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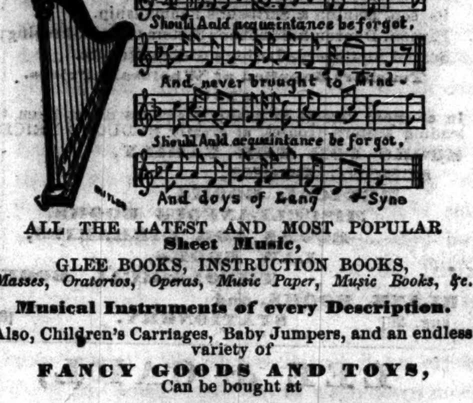

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Many diseases that afflict humanity are inherited as heir looms from the diseased bodies of sickly sires. Scrofula, Consumption, Syphilis and Fits, are among the most common of constitutional diseases. Now, we care not how many generations the seeds of these diseases may have been established in the system, corrupting the blood—*Radway's Renovating Resolvent* will eradicate from the bodies of the afflicted every particle of diseased deposits, and fill the veins with new, pure and healthy blood.

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R. R. R.—Radway's Regulators will cure, effectively and speedily, Costiveness, Indigestion, Inflamation of the Bowels, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Diseases of the Heart and Kidneys, Female Complaints, Small Pox, Fevers, Measles, &c., &c. Whenever the system is out of order, a dose of Radway's Regulators will restore it to regularity. No female should be without them
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With the above, we have a
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Northeast Corner of Kearny and Clay Streets,
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New and Choice Varieties for Retailing,
Received by every Steamer, direct from manufacturers in Philadelphia and Eastern Cities.
STROBRIDGE & COLLINS,
m18 tf J street, corner Fifth.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of CORBETT, MANCHESTER & CO., was dissolved this day by mutual consent—Mr. Manchester retiring from the firm, and D. E. Corbett to continue in the business and pay all Bills on the Store at date—Mr. Manchester to pay all Debts on Horse and Dray.
D. E. CORBETT,
G. W. MANCHESTER.
San Francisco, Sept. 29th, 1858.

THE undersigned having purchased the interest of Mr Manchester in the above firm will continue as heretofore in the business of FAMILY GROCERIES, wholesale and retail, at the old stand, corner of Stockton and Greenwich Streets, where he hopes to receive the patronage of their friends and the public, heretofore so liberally bestowed.
oct7-1s3t D. E. CORBETT.

CAKES & CONFECTIONERY!
G. MITCHLER,
251 Washington St., 2 doors below Stockton,
Is constantly replenishing his stock of
Confectionery, Mottoes, Fancy Toys, &c.
And keeps the best assortment that can be found in the City.
For Parties and Weddings, he has an excellent service o
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To all parts of EUROPE. Execute Commissions, make Collections and Purchases, and attend promptly to all matters pertaining to the Express business
Forward Daily Expresses,
In charge of experienced and faithful Messengers, to all the Towns and Mining Camps in California.
Semi-Monthly to Oregon and intermediate points, on the northern Coast, and San Diego and intermediate points on the southern Coast, and by every vessel for the Sandwich Islands.
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